## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TEXARKANA DIVISION

THE STATE OF TEXAS

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vs. \* C.A. NO. 5:96CV91

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO
COMPANY, ET AL

\* \* \* \*

4 <u>CHARLES STILES, M.D.</u>

On July 29, 1997, the video deposition of CHARLES STILES, M.D., a witness in the above-styled cause, was taken at the instance of the Plaintiff in the offices of Fulbright & Jaworski, 1301 McKinney, Houston, Texas, pursuant to Stipulation of Counsel

DEPOSITION OF

COPY

BEAUMONT, TX (409) 839-4407

contained herein.



HOUSTON, TX (713) 523-5400

1	Those persons present were as follows:
2	
3	MR. LARRY THORPE
4	MR. CRIS QUINN Reaud Morgan & Quinn 801 Laurel Street
5	Beaumont, Texas 77701
6	Counsel for Plaintiff
7	
8	
9	
10	MR. KEITH BORMAN Shook, Hardy & Bacon 1200 Main Street
11	Kansas City, Missouri 64105-2118
12	Counsel for the Witness
13	
14	
15	
16	MS. DEBORAH ELAINE LEWIS Shook, Hardy & Bacon 600 Travis Street, Suite 2000
17	Houston, Texas 77002-2912
18	Counsel for Defendant, Lorillard
19	Lorillard
20	
21	
22	MS. JANE E. HUTCHINSON
23	Jones, Day, Reavis & Pogue 2300 Trammell Crow Center
24	2001 Ross Avenue 90 Dallas, Texas 75201
25	Counsel for Defendant, R. J. REYNOLDS

1	STARLA FOUST, CSR Charlotte Smith Reporting, Inc.
2	235 Orleans Street The Kyle Building
3	Beaumont, Texas 77701-2399
4	
5	
6	VIDEOTAPE OPERATOR/TECHNICIAN:
7	
8	Lou Getz Legal Media Systems, Inc.
9	550 Westcott #400 Houston, Texas 77007
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3	DEPOSITION OF CHARLES STILES, M.D.
4	
5	July 29, 1997
6	
7	EXHIBIT NO. DESCRIPTION PAGE
8	
9	NO 1 LICT OF DRIOD TECTIMONY 71
10	NO. 1, LIST OF PRIOR TESTIMONY
11	NO. 2, THE SECOND AMENDED DEPOSITION NOTICE 95
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EXHIBITS INDEX



01:04:14 1	THE REPORTER: Please state the	
· * 2	stipulations on the record.	
3	MR. THORPE: Eastern District	
4	Plan.	
01:05:50 5	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Today is the	
6	29th day of July, 1997. It's	
7	five minutes after 1:00 o'clock; and	
8	we are on the record.	
9		
10	CHARLES M. STILES, M.D.,	
 11	having been duly sworn, testified as follows,	
12	to-wit:	
13		
14	EXAMINATION BY MR. THORPE:	
01:06:1215	Q Now, Dr. Stiles, my name is Larry Thorpe;	
16	and we have just introduced ourselves. And this is	
17	Chris Quinn, and we are two of the lawyers	
18	representing the State of Texas against the tobacco	
19	industry.	
01:06:2220	You understand that?	
21	A Yes.	
22	Q We have not met in the past;	4=
23	is that correct?	5171
24	A That's correct.	10 5
01:06:3225	Q And have you given By your disclosure,	925
-		

	i		
	01:06:34 1	you have given some depositions prior to this; is	
	2	that correct?	
	3	A Yes.	
	4	Q So, you know the process. You are under	
	01:06:42 5	oath, and all of the things that you say today will	
	. 6	be taken or can be used as testimony at the time of	
	7	trial. And I say that only for if you don't	
	. 8	understand a question that I ask you, please ask me	
	9	to rephrase it or change it so that at the end of	
	01:07:0010	the day my questions and your answers will match.	
* 24	11	Is that okay with you?	
	12	A Fine.	
	13	Q Okay. If at any time you need to take a	
	14	break during this deposition for any reason, please	
	01:07:1415	let me know; and I will be happy to accommodate	
	16	you.	
,	17	A I would probably like to take a break	
س.	18	about every hour.	
	19	Q Okay. If somebody will keep track, that	
	01:07:2420	will be fine.	
	21	MR. BORMAN: I'll keep track.	
•	22	Q We were told earlier that there is a time	ъ
~	23	constraint. You have to leave at 5:00; is that	1710
	24	correct?	) 59
	01:07:3425	A 5:30.	26

Q	At 5:30? If we are not able to finish at
that time	e, we will probably ask to have a second day
of deposi	tions; and we will arrange that later.
A	I understand.
Q	Would you state your name for the record,
please.	
A	Charles Merrill Stiles.
Q	What's your date of birth, Dr. Stiles?
A	March 9th, 1938.
Q	Do you smoke?
A	I do not.
Q	Have you ever smoked?
A	No.
Q	What's your residential address?
A	[DELETED]
Q	And the telephone number there?
A	[DELETED]
Q	Do you also have a professional address?
A	No. That is my professional address.
Q	So, this is both your residence and your
profession	onal?
A	Yes.
Q	Dr. Stiles, we were provided in the
disclosu	re Among the documents we were provided
	that time of deposit A Q please. A Q A Q A Q A Q A Q Profession A Q

01:09:22 1	Could you look at this	
2	A Surely.	
3	Q and tell me if there have been any	
4	changes since the time that this was presented to	
01:09:28 5	us?	
6	A (Reviewing) I'm no longer a member of the	
7	Texas Academy of American College of Physicians or	
. 8	an affiliate of the American College of	
9	Cardiology	
10	Q Okay.	
11	A nor the Texas Academy of Internal	
12	Medicine.	
13	Q Did these changes occur after the time	
14	that you retired from the practice of medicine?	
01:10:1015	A Yes.	
16	Q Doctor, it says in your curriculum vitae	
17	that you retired from - I assume from the practice	
18	of medicine in 1992; is that correct?	
19	A Yes.	
01:10:4420	Q What was the reason for your retirement?	
21	A It was my choice.	
22	Q And prior to your retirement, your vitae	
23	reflects that you worked at Doctors Clinic from 1970	
24	until 1992; is that correct?	
01:11:0225	A Yes.	

3	Galveston, Texas City, and Friendswood. Was this a
4	clinic with several offices?
01:11:18 5	A Yes.
6	Q Which was the main office where your
7	office or your professional office was housed?
8	A The Texas City office.
9	Q What was the address there?
01:11:3610	A I don't remember.
11	Q Does the Doctors Clinic still exist in
12	Texas City?
13	A The building is still there. I understand
14	that at least as of some months ago, that at least
01:11:5215	one of the former physicians was still practicing
16	out of at least part of the building. But that's
17	really all I know about. I know that the group no
18	longer exists.
19	Q Did you own the practice - the Doctors
01:12:1220	Clinic practice?
21	A The practice was owned by Doctors Clinic.
22	Q And this was incorporated or a PA?
23	A PA. Well, the Doctors Clinic was
24	incorporated. I was PA.
01:12:3425	Q How many physicians practiced there?

Could you tell us what Doctors Clinic is

that -- You have here that there were offices in

01:11:06 1

01:12:38 1	A It varied over the years from five or six	
2	up to nine or ten. At the time I left, there were	
3	four or five.	
4	Q Were there multiple specialties at this	
01:12:48 5	clinic?	
6	A Yes.	
7	Q Were they all internal medicine, or what	
8	areas were covered?	
9	A Internal medicine, cardiology,	
01:13:0410	cardiovascular, and pulmonary. In the more distance	
11	past, there had been an oncologist.	
12	Q And these physicians also staffed the	
13	other offices in Galveston and Friendswood?	
14	A Not every physician went to every office.	
01:13:2615	Q You staffed all three?	
16	A There was a time period when I did.	
17	Q Where was the office in Galveston?	
18	A 1501 Broadway for many years; and then in	
19	later years it was in a shopping mall area. The	
01:13:4820	address, I don't recall.	
21	Q Did you have set hours at each of these	
22	clinics?	
23	A For the most part, yes.	l
24	Q And you rotated through these different	) )
01:14:0425	areas on different days?	) )

01:14:04 1	A	Yes.
2	Q	Dr. Stiles, are you currently employed?
3	A	I'm self-employed.
4	Q	And what do you do currently?
01:14:34 5	A	Consulting work.
6	Q	Could you explain a little bit more about
7	what you	mean by "consulting work"?
8	А	I render services primarily for law firms.
9	Q	Which law firms?
01:15:0410	A	A number of different law firms.
11	Q	Who are you currently consulting for -
12	which fi	rms other than Shook, Hardy?
13	Α	At this moment, I'm not consulting with
14	any othe	r law firm.
01:15:2015	Q	In the past two years?
16	А	A number of firms, none of which have
17	anything	to do with this litigation.
18	Q	What areas do you consult in for these law
19	firms?	
01:15:3420	A	Primarily internal medicine and
21	geriatri	cs.
22	Q	Do you review charts for these law firms?
23	A	In some instances, yes.
24	Q	
24 01:15:5825	Q A	

01:15:58 1	opinion.	
2	Q Opinion based on your review of medical	
3	records?	
4	A Usually.	
01:16:14 5	Q Are you also asked to testify for these	
6	different firms?	
7	A On occasion.	
8	Q In the last two years, how many times have	
9	you been asked to consult by these various law	
01:16:4210	firms?	
11	A I cannot really answer that question.	
12	Perhaps eight or ten times, maybe less than six. I	
13	just I really don't have a number for that, but	
14	in that ball park.	
01:17:0015	Q These firms that you work for, do you work	
16	primarily for defense firms?	
17	A Both.	
18	Q About approximately what percentage for	
19	defense and what permission for plaintiffs?	
01:17:1620	A The majority of my time is for defense	
21	firms.	
22	Q Greater than 50 percent?	51710
23		
24	Q Greater than 70 percent?	5932
01:17:2425	A Yes.	10



01:17:26 1	Q	Greater than 90 percent?	
2	A	Probably not.	
3	Q	So, between 80 and 90 percent?	
4	A	Something like that, yes.	
01:17:38 5	Q	How much do you charge per hour?	
6	A	\$500.	
7	Q	And is this depending on the type of work	
. 8	or straig	ht 500?	
9	A	No. It depends on the type of work.	
01:17:5410	Q	How much do you charge for deposition	
11	testimony	??	
12	A	I charge the same type of charge for	
. 13	depositio	on and trial testimony and for preparation	
14	of cases	such as this.	
01:18:0815	Q	And that's the \$500?	
16	A	Yes.	
17	Q	Are there instances where you also	
18	Excuse me	e. Strike that.	
19		Are there instances where you also charge	
01:18:1820	more?		
21	A	No.	
22	Q	Do you also get paid for travel	ហា
23	A	Yes.	51710
24	Q	and incidentals?	0 59
01:18:2425	A	Yes. Yes.	33
	I .		

01:18:34 1	Q How long have you been consulting with law
2	firms in the legal industry?
3	A I did some consulting prior to retirement,
4	maybe half a dozen times or less.
01:19:00 5	Q And you have done it full-time since your
6	retirement?
7	A I don't work full-time.
8	Q In terms of your consulting, that's the
9	only thing you do now? You don't practice?
01:19:1210	A I don't practice any clinical medicine. I
11	do some consulting for a firm. In that capacity I
12	occasionally will see a patient, not as a
13	doctor-patient, but as an examining physician.
14	Q So, as doing IME's?
01:19:3215	A Exactly.
16	Q And this is for law firms?
17	A No. This is for I don't know how to
18	classify actually the firm. I don't know that much
19	about the firm except that I'm employed to perform
01:19:5020	that service. And their clients are primarily
21	insurance carriers, Texas Workmen's Compensation,
22	that type of area.
23	Q What's the firm or the company that you 17
24	WOLK TOL CHAL YOU GO CHE IME S:
01:20:0425	A It doesn't have anything to do with this $\overset{\circ}{\omega}$

01:20:06 1	litigatio	on.	
2	Q	I'm still entitled to know what the name	
3	of that	firm is.	
4	A	I'll decline to answer.	
01:20:20 5		MR. BORMAN: Dr. Stiles	
6		apparently feels there are some	
7		confidentiality issues that he is	
8		concerned about.	
9	Q	Is this information privileged in any way?	
01:20:3410	A	I just don't see the relationship between	
11	the name	of that firm and the possible conflict of	
12	confident	tiality and the purpose for which we are	
13	here toda	ay.	
14	Q	Are you employed to do these IME's by this	
01:20:4215	firm?		
16	A	Yes.	
17	Q	And you do this for the insurance industry	
18	or for w	homever?	
19	А	I only do it for the firm.	
01:20:5420	Q	And you generate reports; is that correct?	
21	Α	That's correct.	
22	Q	And these reports are then sent to Texas	
23	Worker's	Comp?	5171
24	А	In some instances, yes.	<b>⊘</b> 51
01:21:0425	Q	And are those reports privileged?	935

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01:21:04 1	A I do not know.	
2	Q Can you tell us why you do not want to	
3	disclose the name of this firm?	
4	A Because of possible conflicts in relative	
01:21:18 5	confidentiality. That's all.	
6	Q Dr. Stiles, when you were still practicing	
7	medicine at Doctors Clinic, what type of practice	
8	did you have?	
9	A Internal medicine; and a large portion of	
01:21:5810	that was geriatric medicine, as that is a part of	
11	internal medicine. It also was weighted toward	
12	cardiovascular disease.	
13	Q You trained in cardiovascular disease?	
14	A Yes.	
01:22:2215	Q Was your internal medicine practice more	
16	general medicine or was it straight internal	
17	medicine?	
18	A I don't understand the difference of those	
19	two terms.	
01:22:3620	Q In a lot of practicing or private	
21	practice, internal medicine doctors do more of a	
22	general medicine. So, you looked at all specialties	
23	or all disease processes rather than just narrowing	
24	only to cardiovascular or only to geriatrics; is	
01:22:5225	that correct?	



01:22:54 1	A That's correct.
2	Q And in the last ten years of your practice
3	or let's say from 1980 until you retired, what
4	percentage of your practice involved the treatment
01:23:10 5	and care of elderly or geriatric patients?
6	A There would be no way for me to give an
7	accurate answer. The estimate would be the
8	majority. My practice was weighted toward the older
9	adult.
01:23:4010	Q Of this elderly or older population, what
11	percentage were private-pay or insurance-covered?
12	A The majority.
13	Q What percentage of these patients were
14	Medicare patients?
01:24:1415	A Probably close to 50 percent. I don't
16	really know the answer to that.
17	Q And in your earlier testimony when you
18	said that most of them were private-pay, you also
19	included those that were paid by Medicare; is that
01:24:3020	correct?
21	A Right. And you said private-pay or
22	insurance, and I included Medicare as part of the
23	insurance, and I included Medicare as part of the 51 7 7 7 7 1 9 7 9
24	Q Do you know what percentage were $\overset{55}{9}$
01:24:4425	non-Medicare type of pays? When I refer to



2	insurance.	
3	A Uh-huh.	
4	MR. BORMAN: Mr. Thorpe, are you	
01:24:54 5	now talking about just the geriatric	
. 6	population?	
7	MR. THORPE: Just his geriatric	
. 8	population.	
9	A Okay. I was having trouble. I would say	
01:25:0610	the majority of the geriatric age group were	
11	Medicare patients. There were some who would be	
12	Medicaid patients, but I don't I don't have a way	
13	of accurately separating those, but they would	
14	definitely be both types.	
15	$\cdot$	
16	(By Mr. Thorpe)	
17	Q That was my next question. Do you know	
18	what percentage were Medicaid patients?	
19	A I really don't.	
01:25:2820	Q Did the Medicare-Medicaid group make the	
21	largest proportion of your, quote, elderly or	
22	geriatric population?	
23	A You mean combined or people who were $\stackrel{7}{\bowtie}$	
24	Q Combined. $\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 9 \\ \mathbf{\omega} \end{array}$	
01:25:4625	A Combined. Not those who were covered by	

insurance, I'm talking about private or pension-type



01:24:48 1

01.25.40 1	one of the other.		
2	Q No.		
3	A Yes, I would say that the combined		
4	Medicare plus the Medicaid population would have		
01:26:00 5	constituted probably more than 50 percent of the		
6	patients that I saw.		
7	Q And the other group?		
. 8	A Would be younger than Medicare age.		
9	Q And you don't know how many what the		
01:26:1610	percentage of Medicare versus Medicaid patients?		
11	A I really don't.		
12	Q Medicare, 50 percent or more?		
13	A There were more Medicare patients than		
14	Medicaid patients, yes.		
01:26:3815	Q How much does Medicare reimburse you on		
16	average for office visits?		
17	A I don't know. Towards the end it varied		
18	according to the type of visit. And it was a fairly		
19	complex system, which I really don't remember the		
01:26:5820	details of that.		
21	Q Did someone in your office take care of	•	
22	those details?	51	
23	A Yes.	1710	
24	Q The same question with regard to Medicaid	593	
01:27:1025	reimbursement. How much did Medicaid reimburse you	39	



one or the other?

01:25:46 1

01:27:10 1	on the average?	
2	A I really don't now.	
3	Q Was this something that you let your	
4	office manager and accountants deal with?	
01:27:18 5	A Yes.	
6	Q And it's not something you have studied in	
7	the past so that you were familiar with?	
. 8	A No.	
9	Q What states have you had or held medical	
01:27:3010	licenses in?	
11	A Texas and Kansas.	
12	Q Do you still have current licenses in both	
13	states?	
14	A The I've not practiced in decades in	
01:27:4815	Kansas. The way I understand it is that you are	
16	still licensed; but if you are going to practice,	
17	you have to take another step now. And I have not	
18	taken that new step.	
19	Q Your Kansas license was because of where	
01:28:0020	you trained?	
21	A Yes.	
22	Q And it was inactive Did you ever	
23	practice in Kansas?  During my period of training, but not in	
24	A During my period of training, but not in	
01:28:1025	private practice, no, I did not.	

01:28:12 1	Q	When were you licensed in Texas?
2	А	1970.
3	Q	The same time you began practicing at
4	Doctors Cl	inic?
01:28:22 5	A	Yes.
6	Q	Have either of your licenses ever been
7	suspended	or revoked?
8	A	No.
9	Q	Your resume' states that you went to
01:28:4810	medical sc	hool at the University of Kansas; is that
11	correct?	
12	A	Yes.
13	Q	And you received your M.D. when?
14	A	That would have been 1964.
01:29:1015	Q	Where did you do your postgraduate
16	training?	
17	A	It was all done at the Kansas University
18	Medical Center - the internship, two years of	
19	fellowship	o, a year of cardiology.
01:29:3420	Q	At that time was the cardiology fellowship
21	only one y	rear?
22	A	There was the possibility of taking a
23	second yea	ar. That was the time of the Vietnam War,
24	and I was	a part of a program that only permitted 9
01:29:5425	completion	of the one year. After that, I spent two

01:29:54 1	years in the Air Force.		
2	Q Your deferral period was over after your		
3	residency?		
4	A Exactly.		
01:30:08 5	Q When did you move to Texas?		
6	A 1970.		
. 7	Q Why did you choose South Texas -		
8	Galveston?		
9	A I was looking for a job and the people in		
01:30:2410	Galveston were looking for an employee and we just		
11	happened to find each other.		
12	Q Aside from your one year in cardiology,		
13	have you done any formal fellowships since that		
14	time?		
01:30:3815	A No.		
16	Q Are you board certified in internal		
17	medicine?		
18	A Yes.		
19	Q Have you ever had any formal postgraduate		
01:31:2420	training in geriatrics or gerontology?		
21	A If you mean by "formal," did I take a		
22	fellowship in geriatrics, the answer is no. I did		
23	take several fairly intensive training courses in	١.	
24	preparation for taking the boards in geriatric	)	
01:31:4425	medicine.	)	
	Ī		



01:31:46 1	Q These are CME courses?	
2	A Yes.	
3	Q And this was for preparations for the	
4	boards?	
01:31:50 5	A Yes.	
6	Q But not in actual training in geriatric	
7	medicine?	
8	A Not in forms of a fellowship.	
9	Q Dr. Stiles, in what professional societies	
01:32:1610	are you still a member? And I'll go back and ask	
11	you about memberships while you were still	
12	practicing - but your current memberships in medical	
13	societies.	
14	A The American Medical Association, the	
01:32:2815	Texas Medical Association, the Galveston County	
16	Medical Society. Once you're a member, you're	
17	always a member of Phi Beta Kappa and Alpha Omega	
18	Alpha.	
19	Q But in terms of professional societies,	
01:32:4620	rather than honorary societies, you are currently	
21	with A.M.A., T.M.A., and the Galveston County?	
22	A That's correct.	5171
23	Q Are you also a member of the Houston	710
24	Medical Society?	594
01:32:5425	A No.	ω

2	there are a number of other societies that you have		
3	listed on your resume'. In what other societies		
4	were you a member?		
01:33:16 5	A The primary one would have been the		
. 6	American College of Cardiology, which I was a member		
7	of from about 1970 on until the time that I		
. 8	retired.		
9	There was a time when I was a member of		
01:33:3410	the Texas Society of Internal Medicine. There was		
11	the American Society of Angiology. At one time I		
12	was a member of that.		
13	Q Were you also a member of the American		
14	College of Internal Medicine or the American College		
15	of Physicians?		
16	A No, I was not.		
17	Q When did you drop your affiliation with		
18	the American College of Cardiology?		
19	A Sometime around the time that I retired.		
01:34:2420	Q Dr. Stiles, do you know whether or not the		
21	A.M.A. and the T.M.A. and the American College of		
22	Cardiology have position papers or position		
23	statements on tobacco?		
24	A I suspect they do.		
01:34:3825	Q Have you ever seen any of these?		

When you were still practicing medicine,



01:33:02 1

01:34:44 1	A I can't say that I If I have, I don't	
2	recall them.	
3	Q So, you have no personal knowledge about	
4	the position papers that have been published by	
01:34:58 5	these entities?	
6	A I'm not familiar with their contents, no.	
7	Q Each of these entities have published	
. 8	position papers about and concerning the hazards of	
9	tobacco and the hazards of smoking. And you have	
01:35:3410	not seen any of these; is that correct?	
11	A It's possible that if they were part of,	
12	for example, the JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN MEDICAL	
13	SOCIETY, I subscribe to that. So, if it was a part	
14	or included as a part of the Journal at some point,	
01:35:5015	it's very likely that I saw it at that time. But	
16	other than that, I'm not familiar with seeing it as	
17	a separate document.	
18	Q Have you ever voiced any written or verbal	
19	disagreement with any of the policies that you know	
01:36:0220	of?	
21	A Since I cannot quote what their policies	
22	are, it would be hard for me to say whether I agreed	51
23	or disagreed.	51710
24	Q I will come back.	594
01:36:1825	Dr. Stiles, when you were practicing	'n

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01:36:24 1	medicine, did you keep any medical textbooks that
2	you used as references?
3	A Yes.
4	Q Could you name the textbooks that you felt
01:36:36 5	were authoritative in cardiology or cardiovascular
6	disease?
7	A I wouldn't consider any texts to bear the
8	term "authoritative." They are useful and helpful
9	and informative, but I wouldn't classify them as
01:36:5010	authoritative.
11	Q Why is that, Doctor?
12	A Because they are outdated by the time they
13	come off the press and there are opinions expressed
14	by many different authors and I might agree with
01:37:0415	some of the things that are said and I might not
16	agree with everything that was said.
17	Q Which of the cardiology or cardiovascular
18	texts do you keep as reference books?
19	A I'm trying to remember which ones I kept
01:37:1820	because I sent a number of books to my son when I
21	retired. So, I'm not
22	Hurst is one that comes to mind.
23	Q Could you spell that?
24	A H-u-r-s-t.
01:37:2825	Q And that's TEXTBOOK OF CARDIOLOGY?



01:37:32 1	A I'm not sure of the exact title, but it is
2	a text on cardiology.
3	I had a number of texts on
4	echocardiography because I was particularly
01:37:46 5	interested in that, and I can't recall the authors
6	right now.
7	Q Could you tell us what echocardiology is?
8	A It's the sound wave study of the motion of
9	the heart.
01:37:5610	Q And this is a procedure that you use to
11	diagnose cardiovascular disease or diseases of the
12	heart; is that correct?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Did you keep any reference books on
01:38:1215	pulmonology?
16	A Yes. I don't recall their authors.
17	Q How about oncology?
18	A Yes. I don't recall the author.
19	Q Did you also have texts that you used as
01:38:5020	references in geriatrics and gerontology?
21	A Yes.
22	Q What were the names of those books?
23	A I don't recall.
24	Q Are you familiar with THE PRINCIPLES OF
25	GERIATRIC MEDICINE AND GERONTOLOGY?

01:39:00 1	A	That rings a bell, yes.	
2	Q	Was that one of the books that you might	
3	have had?		
4	A	I might That might be one of them.	
01:39:24 5	Q	During the time that you practiced	
6	medicine	and practiced internal medicine, did you	
7	have occa	sions to use these books as references to	
8	some - fo	r some medical problem that you might have	
9	seen?		
01:39:3610	Α	Yes.	
11	Q	Was that something you did frequently?	
12	Α	On occasion.	
13	Q	Using textbooks as references, is this	
14	something	that most doctors do in their practice?	
01:39:5815	А	I can't really speak for most doctors.	
16	It's some	thing that I did, and I assume most doctors	
17	do that.	But that is an assumption.	
18	Q	And that would be a prudent thing to do	
19	for a phy	sician practicing medicine given	
01:40:1020	A	I would think so.	
21	Q	the broad amount of knowledge?	
22	A	(Witness nods head affirmatively)	51
23	Q	When you were practicing medicine	710
24	Strike th	nat.	594
01:40:2025		Currently do you still subscribe to any	<b>©</b>

01:40:22 1	medical journals?
2	A Yes.
3	Q What journals?
4	A THE JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN MEDICAL
01:40:28 5	ASSOCIATION, THE NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL OF MEDICINE,
6	THE ANNALS OF INTERNAL MEDICINE, MEDICAL CLINICS OF
7	NORTH AMERICA MEDICAL LETTER. There may be others.
8	That's all I can recall right now.
9	Q Do you subscribe to any journals that are
01:40:4810	specific to geriatric medicine?
11	A No, I do not.
12	Q When you were practicing medicine, were
13	there other journals that you subscribed to?
14	A Yes.
01:41:0215	Q Could you name those?
16	A THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF CARDIOLOGY, THE
17	ARCHIVES OF INTERNAL MEDICINE. There was a
18	geriatric journal, the exact name I don't recall. I
19	believe it was GERIATRICS, but it may have been some
01:41:3620	variation of that. AMERICAN JOURNAL OF MEDICINE,
21	those are the ones that come to mind. There may
22	have been others.
23	Q Were you a member of the American Society 77
24	of Geriatrics?
01:41:4425	A No.

01:41:48 1	Q Are you familiar with their journal?	
2	A I probably have read articles from it, but	
3	I have never taken their journal.	
4	Q The journals that you have related to us	
01:42:06 5	and magazines - did you read them frequently?	
6	A Yes.	
7	Q Are articles in these type of peer-review	
. 8	journals important for a physician to keep abreast	
9	of ongoing medical advancements?	
01:42:3010	A Journal articles are useful and helpful	
11	and informative, yes.	
12	Q So, it's important to keep abreast of	
13	current things that are published in that	
14	literature; is that correct?	
01:42:4815	A That's one way of keeping abreast, yes.	
16	Q And other ways are to go to symposia; is	
17	that correct?	
18	A Yes.	
19	Q What other ways did you keep abreast of	
01:43:0220	ongoing medical events?	
21	A Discussions with colleagues.	
22	Q Were there any meetings - scientific or	
23	medical meetings that you regularly attended while	
24	you were practicing medicine?	
01:43:2825	A I attended a number of meetings of the	

01:43:34 1	American College of Cardiology. In terms of
2	numbers, I'd say that would be the one that I
3	attended in terms of most frequently.
4	Q Doctor, do you feel it's important in
01:43:48 5	studies that are reported in the medical literature
6	to report not only positive findings, but negative
7	findings?
. 8	A I'm not sure what you mean exactly by
9	negative and positive findings.
01:44:0810	Q There are Usually a research project is
11	undertaken to answer some question. And sometimes
12	the answer is not favorable to the position of the
13	researcher; is that correct?
14	A Well, I think in most instances the
01:44:2615	researcher is setting out to answer a question and
16	doesn't necessarily have in mind what he's going to
17	consider favorable and unfavorable.
18	Q Well, maybe I kind of poorly stated the
19	question. In terms of the result The medical
01:44:4620	literature is oftentimes the results of studies that
21	are done by a group of physicians or researchers; is
22	that correct?
23	A Yes.
24	Q And the information that is published are
01:44:5625	the findings of these studies, correct?

01:44:58 1	A Yes.
2	Q And my question is: Is it important for
3	these researchers to publish and discuss whatever
4	findings they have as a result of these studies?
01:45:16 5	A Yes, without a connotation, as you made
6	reference to earlier, as to whether they are, quote,
7	favorable or unfavorable - just to publish what they
. 8	found - if that is your question, the answer is yes.
9	Q And it's important for in these
01:45:3410	publications to include the findings that they made
11	in these studies - all of the findings; is that
12	correct?
13	A Yes.
14	Q And not to publish just those findings
01:45:5015	that they want to publish?
16	A That would be dishonest.
17	Q Dr. Stiles, when you were practicing in
18	the Galveston area, did you hold any academic
19	appointments during that period of time?
01:46:3820	A Yes.
21	Q Was that at The University of Texas
22	Medical Branch?
23	A Yes. 710
24	Q In the Department of Internal Medicine? 50 90 50
01:46:4425	A Yes.

01:46:46 1	Q Was this a full-time appointment or an		
2	adjunct appointment?		
3	A It was not full-time.		
4	Q So, it was an adjunct appointment?		
01:46:56 5	A That was not the term that was used. I		
6	was an instructor, and I taught part-time.		
7	Q I think back then it was called clinical		
8	instructor?		
9	A That is correct.		
01:47:1010	Q What years were you a clinical instructor		
11	at UTMB?		
12	A I'm still on the staff.		
13	Q During your training or subsequent when		
14	you were in practice, did you participate or conduct		
01:47:3415	any research projects?		
16	A I'm sorry. Did you say during my		
17	training?		
18	Q Training or subsequent when you were in		
19	private practice, did you participate in or conduct		
01:47:4420	any research projects?		
21	A Not in my private practice. As a student		
22	I did some what we called rotations, which would be		
23	a period of months participating in research that $\frac{1}{2}$		
24	was primarily being carried on by staff members.		
01:48:0425	Q Was this when you were a resident or a $\omega$		

01:48:04 1	student?		
2	A	A student.	
3	Q	A medical student?	
4	A	Yes.	
01:48:12 5	Q	What area of research were you involved	
6	in?		
7	A	One was a study of the usefulness of	
8	tracheost	omies - tracheotomies.	
9	Q	And the other?	
01:48:3410	A	The other? It's been a long time ago. I	
11	don't rem	member.	
12	Q	Were either of these studies involved with	
13	any disea	ases that have been linked to smoking?	
14	A	No.	
01:48:5415	Q	So, you were more a pair of hands than	
16	anything	during that period?	
17	A	During the time we liked to think that we	
18	were more	e than that; but I'm sure from the staff's	
19	standpoir	nt, we were a pair of hands.	
01:49:0820	Q	I understand.	
21		As a clinical instructor at UTMB, it also	
22	says that	you were at St. Mary's when St. Mary's	517
23	still ex	isted. Were you involved in teaching	10 5
24	residents	s and medical students?	5954
01:49:2825	A	Primarily medical students. We had some	

association with the interns and residents, but my

01:49:32 1

01:51:04 1	medical students, were there occasions where you
2	discussed the hazards of smoking with this
3	relationship, the disease processes?
4	A I can't recall a specific such instance,
01:51:24 5	but I suspect that we discussed smoking and the fact
6	that it was a risk factor for the development of
7	certain disease processes.
. 8	Q And this would be really kind of dependent
9	on the particular patient population and what you
01:51:5210	were discussing; is that correct?
11	A Well, I don't know that I would discuss
12	the word "patient population" because we would see
13	all types of patients. But it could be dependent
14	upon who we might have seen on a particular day. We
01:52:0815	might see several patients, and one might be
16	selected for then a discussion at greater length.
17	Q And this would be the time when you would
18	bring up risk factors such as smoking, correct?
19	A Yes.
01:52:2420	Q Dr. Stiles, have you ever taken a formal
21	course in epidemiology?
22	A In medical school.
23	Q Could you tell us or define what the study
24	of epidemiology concerns?
01:52:4825	A It's a study of usually a defined

01:52:54 1	population and examining in that population the
2	presence or absence of certain factors or diseases
3	which may be of interest in that particular study.
4	Q And epidemiology is intimately involved in
01:53:10 5	the study of factors that result in disease; is that
6	correct?
7	A That could a part of an epidemiology
. 8	study, yes.
9	Q Are epidemiologic studies important in
01:53:2410	establishing causal links to various disease
11	processes?
12	A I don't think you can establish from an
13	epidemiology study a cause and effect. You can look
14	at what occurs in a population, see what factors are
01:53:3815	in that population; but to say that an epidemiology
16	study is the way to or is even designed to address
17	the issue of cause, I don't believe that's the real
18	purpose of an epidemiology study.
19	Q But in many of these studies the results
01:54:0220	oftentimes show a strong inference or probability
21	that certain risk factors are involved in disease
22	processes; is that correct?
23	A Well, an epidemiology study - we are
24	talking in generalities - would be to look to see if
01:54:1825	there was an association between a condition and a



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01:54:22 1	disease process. They might find a positive or a	
2	negative relationship.	
3	Q But that's the goal of the studies?	
4	A In general, yes.	
01:54:32 5	Q Okay. We have talked a couple of times	
6	about or used the phrase "risk factor." Could you	
7	tell us what a risk factor is as it pertains to	
8	disease causation or disease processes?	
9	A Again, I couldn't relate it to causation;	
01:54:5810	but I could relate it to if there are certain	
11	habits, for example, that we classify or conditions	
12	that we classify as risk factors. And the medical	
13	connotation of that is that if an individual has a	
14	risk factor, one or more, that has been shown to	
01:55:2815	give them a greater risk for the development of some	
16	disease process, then that risk factor is a risk for	٠
17	that person or that group of people to develop the	
18	particular disease process in question as what we	
19	mean by the term "risk factor."	
01:55:4420	Q And these risk factors Isn't it true	
21	that these risk factors can function by themselves	Ú
22	or can be additive or synergistic with other risk	OT / TO
23	factors in the development of some type of disease?	2
24	A There are disorders in which it is	0
01:56:0225	recognized that there are more than one risk factor,	



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01:56:02 1	yes.
2	Q Is smoking considered a risk factor in
3	many disease processes?
4	A "Many" is a term that has many meanings.
01:56:16 5	More than one, yes.
6	MR. THORPE: Do you want to take
7	a break now?
8	MR. BORMAN: If that's
9	convenient, it's about five minutes
01:56:2410	until 2:00.
11	MR. THORPE: I think it's
12	convenient, yes.
13	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: It's five
14	minutes after 1:00 o'clock. We are
01:56:3215	going off the record.
16	
17	(A BRIEF RECESS WAS TAKEN.)
18	·
19	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: It's four
02:05:0420	minutes after 2:00 o'clock. We are
21	back on the record.
22	(By Mr. Thorpe)
. 23	Q Dr. Stiles, we are back after a break.
24	Something I wrote down, but I forgot to ask you:
02:05:1825	You say that you are still on the staff as a

02:05:20 1	clinical instructor at UTMB?	
2	A Yes.	
3	Q When was the last time that you rounded	
4	with students?	
02:05:26 5	A It's been several years.	
6	Q Do you currently do any active	
7	participation as an active instructor?	
8	A No.	
. 9	Q Has it been since the time that you	
02:05:4210	retired from practice?	
11	A Prior to that.	
12	Q About what year did you quit being active?	
13	A I don't remember. Maybe in the Eighties.	
14	I really just don't remember, but that would be	
02:05:5815	approximately that.	
16	Q But prior to the time you retired?	
17	A Yes.	
18	Q The Doctors Clinic, was that a group of	
19	physicians that formed together to make a clinic; or	
02:06:1620	did somebody own the building and hire the	
21	physicians that were working there?	
22	A No. It was a group of physicians who	U
23	practiced together.	01/1c
24		5960
02:06:3225	practiced in the same building?	)

02:06:34 1	A That is correct.
2	Q Did any of those physicians own that
3	building or
4	A Yes.
02:06:42 5	Q Were you one of the owners?
6	A Yes.
7	Q Did you also own the buildings in
8	Galveston and Friendswood?
9	A We owned the buildings in Texas City and
02:06:5210	in Galveston.
11	Q And leased, then, in Friendswood?
12	A Yes.
13	Q And, also, in your consulting practice -
14	in your consulting practice, do you advertise?
02:07:0615	A No.
16	Q Do people learn about you word of mouth?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Dr. Stiles, obviously as a doctor
19	practicing internal medicine, you prescribed drugs
02:07:2820	in the care and treatment of your patients; is that
21	correct?
22	A Yes.
23	Q In determining the efficacy of these
24	drugs, the side effects, and possibly the safety of
02:07:4825	these drugs, how is that process determined? How is

. 8	question?
9	Q That's correct.
02:08:2010	A I could only address that in general terms
11	since I have not been involved in that industry.
12	But in general the medicines are - some of them are
13	examined in animal models of varying kinds, both for
14	what variable effects they might produce and also
02:08:4415	for what ill effects they might produce. And then
16	eventually they reach the stage where they are
17	administered to human beings. And, again, these
18	subjects are examined for the hoped-for beneficial
19	effects, as well as potential side effects.
02:09:0620	Q And these are the clinical trials that we
21	all hear about in the news occasionally?
22	A Yes.
23	Q Have you ever participated in any clinical

the drug -- How are the effects of the drugs

clinical practice?

determined to be safe, efficacious, and pass the

muster in order for a physician to use it in his

that they become generally available for us in the

practice of medicine to use. Is that your

You are referencing now prior to the time

trials on drugs?

No.

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02:09:22 1	Q So, with regard to the safety and efficacy
2	and side effects, you rely on the studies that are
3	done by others during these clinical trials?
4	A Well, I would rely on that information
02:09:36 5	before I made a determination as whether to
6	introduce that into my own prescribing habits. And
7	then I would do my own monitoring of patients on
. 8	whom I had chosen to use those drugs.
9	Q For approved drugs, these drugs all have
02:09:5610	to be approved by the F.D.A., is that correct,
11	before they are used in clinical practice after
12	clinical trials?
13	A Yes. The reason I am hesitating is I had
14	a few patients who obtained drugs from other
02:10:1815	countries and came back and announced that they were
16	taking the medication, but they were not prescribed
17	by me.
18	Q Well, I understand that; but the drugs
19	that are currently available for you to use in
02:10:3220	clinical practice all have to be approved by the
21	F.D.A. through the F.D.A. process; is that correct?
22	A Yes.  And you rely on the F.D.A. process and
23	Q And you fely on the 1.2 process and
24	their approval of drugs before you will use them in
02:10:4425	your practice?



02:10:46 1	A Yes.	
2	Q Dr. Stiles, I would like to turn to your	
3	practice over the years from 1970 to 1992. As you	
4	have stated, you practice primarily internal	
02:11:10 5	medicine with a significant focusing in the	
6	geriatric patient population; is that correct?	
7	A Yes. And as I mentioned, also, it was	
8	weighted more towards cardiovascular disease than I	
9	would think of the average practice of internal	
02:11:2210	medicine.	
11	Q Do the elderly have or suffer from a	
12	significant cardiovascular disease problem?	
13	A Yes.	
14	Q Doctor, when you first saw your	
02:11:4615	patients Strike that.	
16	In the last ten years of your practice,	
17	when you first saw a patient, did you - would you	
18	routinely do a history and physical on these	
19	patients?	
02:11:5820	A Yes.	
21	Q And would you routinely take a past	
22	medical history on these patients?	
23	n icb.	
24	Q Did you also take a smoking history on 60	
02:12:0825	your patients?	



02	2:12:08 1	A	Yes.	
	2	Q	Why did you do that, Doctor?	
	3	A	As we mentioned earlier, some factors have	
	4	been ider	tified as risk factors which might place an	
02	2:12:28 5	individua	al at a higher risk for the development of	
	6	certain d	lisorders; so, I would want to know that	
	7	informati	on.	
	8	Q	And you considered smoking as one of these	
	9	risk fact	cors?	
02	2:12:4010	A	Smoking is a risk factor for the	
	11	developme	ent of certain diseases, yes.	
	12	Q	Although you focused predominantly on	
	13	cardiovas	scular disease, you also saw patients with	
	14	other typ	pes of internal medicine problems; is that	
02	2:12:5615	correct?		
	16	A	Yes.	
	17	Q	And during that period of time - I'm sure	
	18	the answe	er is obvious, but I would like to ask you	
	19	some ques	stions about some of the diseases you	
02	2:13:1020	routinely	see during your practice - coronary artery	
	21	disease.		
	22	A	Yes. The question is: Did I see patients	51710
	23	with core	onary artery disease?	ហ
	24	Q	Yes.	965
02	2:13:1825	A	The answer is yes.	

02:13:20 1	Q The patients who were at risk for
2	myocardial infarction or had had prior myocardial
3	infarctions?
4	A I saw patients who had myocardial
02:13:34 5	infarctions. I saw patients who had signs or
6	symptoms or the risk factors for the development of
7	coronary artery disease, yes.
8	Q Patients with atherosclerosis?
9	A I saw patients with atherosclerosis, yes.
02:13:5010	Q Patients who exhibited or Strike that.
11	Patients who had peripheral vascular
12	disease?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Did you ever see patients who had a
02:14:0015	disease called Berger's disease?
16	A No.
17	Q Patients who had intermittent
18	claudication?
19	A Yes.
02:14:1020	Q Patients who had COPD?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Could you explain to us just for the
23	edification of most of us what corb is:
24	A Those are letters that stand for chronic 6 6
02:14:2625	obstructive pulmonary disease.

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2	finding rather than a separate entity; is that
3	correct?
4	A It's a term used for a group of problems
02:14:40 5	that have to do with respiratory disease.
6	Q Did you see and treat patients with
7	emphysema?
8	A Yes.
9	Q Did you see and treat patients with lung
02:14:5410	cancer?
11	A Yes. The treatment once the diagnosis was
12	made was then deferred to an oncologist. I would
13	not personally supervise the treatment with the
14	chemotherapy or other modalities for lung cancer.
02:15:1215	Q But during those periods - those years,
16	you did see patients who came in with lung cancer?
17	A Yes.
18	Q And after your workup, you would refer
19	them out; is that correct?
02:15:2020	A That's correct.
21	Q Did you follow any of these patients with
22	lung cancer after or during the treatment period?
23	A Yes, for their other medical conditions.
24	Q Patients who had bladder cancer?
02:15:4025	A Yes. Again, I would see them in a

And this is more of a disease process and



02:14:28 1

02:15:44 1	diagnostic role. Once the diagnosis of bladder	
2	cancer was made, I would then refer them to an	
3	appropriate specialist.	
4	Q Patients who had suffered a stroke?	
02:15:58 5	A Yes. Again, depending on the situation	
6	and the severity of the stroke, I might well have	
7	them seen in consultation by a neurologist.	
. 8	Q And this next question will be kind of a	
9	generic question on patients: Did you see patients	
02:16:2010	who exhibited the clinical signs of dementia?	
11	A Yes.	
12	Q Could you explain to us what is meant by	
13	"dementia"?	
14	A It's an impairment of cognitive function,	
02:16:4015	stated most succinctly.	
16	Q Are there a number of different types of	
17	disease processes or diseases that can lead to	
18	dementia?	
19	A Yes.	
02:17:0420	Q In the same context, these diseases that	
21	we have just discussed, these were seen in your	
22	elderly patient group, as well as the younger group;	
23	is that correct?	
24	A Yes.	
02:17:1825	Q During the last ten years of practice or	

02:19:04 1	Q When any of the patients present to you			
2	with cardiovascular disease - or with especially			
3	cardiovascular disease, respiratory diseases, or			
4	lung cancers in your workup of these patients, do			
02:19:24 5	you include in that workup smoking as a possible			
6	risk factor in the development of these diseases?			
7	A I didn't quite follow the question.			
8	Q When you do your history and physical, you			
9	stated that you did take a smoking history on your			
02:19:4010	patients.			
11	A Yes.			
12	Q When you find the presence of COPD,			
13	cardiovascular disease, some of the diseases that we			
14	mentioned, do you include smoking as a possible			
02:19:5615	causal or risk factor in these diseases?			
16	A Yes, certainly it is considered as a risk			
17	factor.			
18	Q If these patients are current smokers, do			
19	you advise them about the hazards of continuing to			
02:20:0620	smoke?			
21	A I advise them to stop smoking.			
22	Q Why is that, Doctor?	ហ		
23	A For the reasons we have discussed - that	1710		
24	smoking is a recognized risk factor for certain	0 59		
02:20:2825	types of health problems.	70		
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02.20.30	2 Ind the 1150 of discuss that we have just
2	discussed are some of the diseases in which smoking
3	is considered a risk factor; is that correct?
4	A That's correct.
02:20:44 5	Q When you were practicing I know that
. 6	when I've gone into some doctors' offices, there is
7	always some kind of literature sitting around the
8	office with regard to different public health issues
9	or health issues.
02:20:5810	In your offices did you have literature in
11	your waiting rooms that talked about or discussed
12	the possible health hazards of smoking?
13	A I don't recall. From time to time we did
14	have such literature, but I have no recollection as
02:21:2215	to the topics that were covered. It was difficult
16	to keep that sort of thing in stock; so, it would be
17	a minority of the time when such literature was
18	available. It is possible that it had to do with
19	smoking. I don't specifically recall.
02:21:3420	Q Did you ever provide that literature to
21	any of your patients, specifically the patients who
22	were smokers?
23	A That would not have been a part of my
24	routine, no.
02:21:5225	Q Would somebody in your office, possibly a

And the list of diseases that we have just

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nurse, have provided this type of literature?

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02:24:08 1	them that, again assuming that this list of diseases			
2	that you have made to which you have made reference,			
3	if I had patients with those disorders that were			
4	smokers, the language that I would have been likely			
02:24:20 5	to use would have been that these are risk factors			
6	for those disorders and they would be well advised			
7	to discontinue smoking.	to discontinue smoking.		
8	Q Dr. Stiles, is smoking a continuing risk			
9	factor in the elderly for the development of			
02:24:3410	disease?			
11	A Well, for the development of what			
12	disease?			
13	Q Cardiovascular disease.			
14	A Yes. It's not as strong a factor in the			
02:24:5015	elderly as it is in the younger groups.			
16	Q What do you base this opinion on?			
17	A That's a part of the literature.			
18	Q Isn't it true that some of the			
19	literature - the more recent literature has shown			
02:25:0620	that smoking continues to be a risk factor for the			
21	development of cardiovascular disease even in the			
22	elderly?			
23	A Possibly in the coronary artery disease,	710		
24	but it's not so with the cardiovascular disorders.	597		
02:25:3825	Or at least the association is much weaker, perhaps	ω		

02:25:40 1	I should say.	
2	Q Okay. In the development of cerebral	
3	vascular disease, much of the processes that lead to	
4	events like strokes or to multiple infarcts or	
02:26:02 5	mini-infarcts, these are disease processes that have	
. 6	developed over the years; is that correct?	
7	A Those diseases develop over the years,	
. 8	yes, that is correct.	
9	Q Specifically with regard to occlusive	
02:26:1810	disease rather than hemorrhagic disease, correct?	
11	A Yes.	
12	Q And isn't it true that atherosclerosis and	
13	hypertension are the two major risk factors involved	
14	in the development of infarct and stroke?	
02:26:3215	A You said which? I'm sorry.	
16	Q Atherosclerosis and hypertension.	
17	A Yes.	
18	Q Is smoking a risk factor in the	
19	development of atherosclerosis?	
02:26:4420	A Yes.	
21	Q Do you know whether or not the smoking is	
22	a risk factory in the development or propagation of	
23	i ilyper cellaroli:	
24	A It is an additive risk factor with	
02:26:5625	hypertension in the development, for example, of	



02:27:02 1	coronary artery disease.	
2	Q Do you know whether it's a risk factor in	
3	the development or the propagation of hypertension?	
4	A I'm not as certain of that. I think the	
02:27:12 5	answer is yes.	
6	Q Do you know whether or not the cessation	
7	of smoking reduces the risk of the development of a	
. 8	stroke?	
9	A Yes. Excuse me. Yes.	
02:28:0610	Q Dr. Stiles, have you ever read or are you	
11	familiar with any of the Surgeon General reports	
12	that have come out since 1964?	
13	A I have a general knowledge about them.	
14	I'm not familiar with them in any detail.	
02:28:2415	Q Have any of these reports specifically	
16	addressed the risks or hazards of smoking?	
17	A Yes.	
18	Q Do you know which ones?	
19	A "Ones" being which reports?	
02:28:3620	Q Which years, yes.	
21	A No, I don't.	
22	Q But there have been several?	
23	A Yes.	
24	Q Do you remember any of the - the gist of	
02:28:4825	any of these reports?	
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02:28:54 1	A The gist of them was generally that	
2	smoking was a risk factor.	
3	Q Do you know if any of these reports	
4	specifically address whether or not smoking is a	
02:29:16 5	causal factor in the development of lung cancer?	
6	A I don't know whether that language was	
7	used or not. No, I'm not certain of that.	
. 8	Q Dr. Stiles, you have testified earlier	
9	that a great portion of your practice was involved	
02:30:0410	with elderly or geriatric patients. And as such,	
11	you have experience with admissions with nursing	
12	homes of these patients; is that correct?	
13	A Yes.	
14	Q Have you ever owned or operated a nursing	
02:30:1815	home?	
16	A No.	
17	Q Have you ever been on a board of directors	
18	or been a medical director of any nursing homes?	
19	A I was a medical director for a very short	
02:30:3620	period of time at one home - less than a year, as I	
21	recall.	
22	Q Which nursing home was that?	
23	The head manner development of goods	
24	tell you the name of it.	
02:30:5425	Q Where was it?	

02:30:56 1	A It was in the Texas City area.	
2	Q Was that the major nursing home that's on	
3	the main street in Texas City?	
4	A I did Oh, in Texas City? No, I did not	
02:31:10 5	attend that nursing home.	
6	Q But you don't remember the name of this	
7	institution?	
8	A No, I don't.	
9	Q During your practice, where did you admit	
02:31:2610	your patients	
11	A To the	
12	Q to the nursing homes?	
13	A To the nursing homes? There was a nursing	
14	home adjacent to our office in Texas City, there was	
02:31:4415	a nursing home on the Gulf Freeway, and there were	
16	two nursing homes environs of Texas City and	
17	La Marque. I'm not sure which town they were in,	
18	but it was in that Those two towns run together.	
19	And there was a nursing home in Galveston.	
02:32:1020	Q Where was that located?	
21	A The one in Galveston was located on the	
22	seawall at about 15th Street - no, farther.	
23	Q 25th Street?	
24	A 23rd, could have been 25th Street. And	
02:32:3025	then there was a nursing home across the street from	



02:32:36 1	our office in Friendswood.	
2	Q Do you remember or recall the names of any	
3	of these nursing homes?	
4	A The one on the Gulf Freeway was at one	
02:33:00 5	time called Manor Care. And it's come to me now at	
6	one time one of the homes in the	
7	Texas City-La Marque area was called Autumn Hills.	
8	The one in Galveston, I believe, was Moody. Those	
9	are the only ones I recall, but the names changed	
02:33:2810	many times during the years.	
11	Q Is Autumn Hills the one that was kind of	
12	in the newspapers for a while	
13	A Yes.	
14	Q in the Eighties?	
02:33:4215	A Yes, I believe that's right.	
16	Q In choosing which nursing home to use,	
17	what were your criteria to choose those - the	
18	proximity of the patient? In other words, you	
19	admitted Galveston patients to Galveston; or could	
02:34:0820	you tell us how you chose the nursing homes?	
21	A It was almost always the decision of the	
22	family.	
23	l .	
24	Q In the last five years of your practice, 50 90 70 70 70 70 80 70 80 70 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	
02:34:3225	recall admitting to nursing homes?	



02:36:06 1	them as patients?	
2	A I quit seeing and admitting.	
3	Q Could you tell us what your best time	
4	estimate on when you quit seeing patients in nursing	
02:36:18 5	homes?	
6	A I've given you my best estimate. I don't	
7	really know.	
. 8	Q Five years?	
9	A No, I think it wouldn't have been It	
02:36:2810	would not have been that close to retirement. More	
11	like maybe three years, but that's a guess.	
12	Q Prior to your retirement?	
13	A Right.	
14	Q Can you tell us what percentage of the	
02:37:0215	patients that you would admit to nursing homes would	
16	you initially admit who were Medicare patients?	
17	A Well, the answer is, no, I can't really	
18	tell you the answer to that. It's not something	
19	that I would have kept track of at the time. I	
02:37:3620	would say that the majority were a combination of	
21	Medicare and Medicaid, and the minority would have	
22	been private-pay.	
23	Q Could you tell us of these patients that	
24	you admitted, how many were on the average, if you $\overset{07}{9}$	
02:38:0025	can recall, how many were short-term admits versus	

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02:38:02 1	long-term admissions?
2	A The majority, I would say, more than
3	50 percent would be long-term.
4	Q Would these, if they were Medicare, roll
02:38:22 5	over into Medicaid patients?
6	A Yes.
7	Q How often did you see your patients that
8	you admitted, on the average?
9	A On the average, once a month.
02:38:5010	Q Why only once a month?
11	A The patients in nursing homes are for the
12	most part not acute care patients. They are
13	custodial care patients, and that's usually
14	sufficient. I would see them as needed when their
02:39:0615	condition warranted it.
16	Q Did they also have staff doctors that
17	would see patients?
18	A No, there weren't any such physicians at
19	any of the homes that I went to.
02:39:3020	Q What is the Do you know what the
21	reimbursement rate is for patient visits in the
22	nursing home by Medicaid?
23	A Only in generalities. I think it's in the
24	range of around \$45 a day, something in that range.
02:40:0025	Q Is this for patient days, or is this



02:42:50 1	specifically?
2	A I couldn't quote them specifically, no. I
3	know that there were other criteria. They had to
4	have been in the hospital within - for three days or
02:43:06 5	more; and they had to have been placed in the
6	nursing home after the discharge from the hospital
7	within a certain period of time - I want to say
8	within 30 days. But there were rules like that.
9	Q Was there Is there a point that the
02:43:2210	Medicare patients have to begin paying some type of
11	co-payment?
12	A Yes, I believe that's true.
13	Q Do you know at what point that occurs?
14	A No, I don't.
02:43:3815	Q Does Medicare pay for long-term stays at
16	nursing homes?
17	A I don't think so.
18	Q Is that covered by Medicaid?
19	A Medicaid.
02:43:5220	Q Doctor, could you give us what your
21	understanding is of the participation of Medicaid
22	reimbursement in nursing home care?
23	A I'm not sure I understand the question.
24	Q What your understanding is with regard to $^{\infty}$
02:44:1225	how Medicaid determines whether or not they are

02:44:16 1	going to reimburse for patient stays or patient care	
. 2	in a nursing home.	
3	A I think it has primarily to do with their	
4	ability to pay - that is, if they have no resources	
02:44:30 5	for reimbursing the home after a certain period of	
6	time, that is, either ongoing income or accumulation	
7	of resources like a savings in the bank.	
8	Q Is Medicaid reimbursement dependent on any	
9	way on the diagnostic criteria used to admit that	
02:44:5410	patient?	
11	A I'm not sure.	
12	Q Let me rephrase that because that was even	
13	confusing to me.	
14	Does Medicaid reimbursement or Medicaid	
02:45:1015	coverage of patients in nursing homes, is that	
16	dependent in any way on the diagnosis - the	
17	admitting diagnosis?	
18	A I'm not sure of the answer to that.	
19	Again, that would be a decision that I would have	
02:45:2420	really depended on other people to be making rather	
21	than myself.	
22	Q Did you have to fill out certain forms to	517
23	admit patients to nursing homes?	110
24	A Yes.	598
02:45:3225	Q And on those forms	Ŋ

And the forms, however, would be basically

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02:49:02 1	which you were involved in admitting patients to the
2	nursing homes, did you ever commit Medicaid fraud or
3	Medicaid abuse?
4	A No.
02:49:20 5	Q Did you ever see or know of anyone at the
6	nursing home or any physicians who committed
7	Medicaid fraud or Medicaid abuse?
. 8	A No.
9	Q Were you ever aware of any fraudulent
02:49:3410	billing practices for Medicaid practices in nursing
11	homes you were associated with?
12	A No.
13	Q Did you ever admit a Medicaid patient on a
14	diagnosis just for the purpose of having that
02:49:5015	patient admitted?
16	A No.
17	Q Dr. Stiles, in the disclosure that was
18	made to us with regard to your testimony today, you
19	listed several cases since 1994 in which you had
02:50:2020	testified as an expert either by deposition or
21	giving trial testimony and these are three cases and
22	I would like to go over those just briefly.
23	Do you need a copy of this?
24	Are these the only cases in which you have
02:50:4225	acted since 1994 as a testifying expert?



02:50:48 1	A These are the only cases in which I - it	
2	became necessary to give a deposition. I have	
3	reviewed other cases, but these are the only cases	
4	in which depositions were required.	
02:51:00 5	Q Were you hired in other cases as a	
6	testifying expert, but never did testify?	
7	A I was asked to review cases with the	
8	understanding that if it became necessary to give a	
9	deposition or testify at trial, that I was willing	
02:51:1210	to do so.	
11	Q So, this list is just those in which you	
12	have given depositions?	
13	A That's correct.	
14	Q Could you tell us about the first case	
02:51:2415	that's listed? Where was that filed? It's Bonnie	
16	Wils versus Beverly Enterprises.	
17	A I don't know. I have no idea. I don't	
18	keep that sort of information.	
19	Q Do you know whether that was in federal	
02:51:3820	court or state court?	
21	A I really don't.	<b>,</b> 5
22	Q Do you remember the allegations made in	51710
23	that case?	
24	A Yes.	5988
02:51:4425	Q Could you tell us about that?	
	1	

	02:51:52 1	A Briefly, it was a nursing home resident	
	2	who was found having fallen out of bed while	
	3	restrained; and the cause of death was asphyxiation.	
	4	Q Do you know the outcome of that case?	
	02:52:20 5	A I believe it settled out of court.	
	6	Q Who were you hired by in that case?	
	7	A I will decline to answer that question.	
,	8	Q Plaintiff or defendant?	
	9	A I was hired by the defense.	
	02:52:4410	Q The second case that you listed is Crow -	
	11	Jessie Crow versus Methodist Hospital.	
	12	A Yes.	
	13	Q What was the basis of that case?	
	14	A The allegation was that the care rendered	
	02:53:1015	by the attending physician and consultants was below	
	16	the standard of care.	
	17	Q And this was against the physician or the	
	18	hospital itself?	
	19	A My services were relative to It was all	
	02:53:2820	three. It was the hospital, and there were two	
	21	physicians. They were all sued.	51
	22	Q And who were you hired for or by in that	.710
	23	case?	598
	24	A I testified for the plaintiff.	89
	02:53:4025	Q What was the outcome of that case?	

-			
02:53:42 1	A	It settled out of court.	
2	Q	And the third case, Garcia versus Garcia?	
3	A	This had to do with a It involved an	
4	automobil	e accident and a question of alcohol	
02:54:10 5	consumpti	on and an injury and it settled out of	
6	court and	l I was retained by the plaintiff.	
7	Q	The Methodist case - was that in Houston?	
. 8	A	I don't remember.	
9	Q	Beverly Enterprises is in Galveston; is	
02:54:3810	that cor	rect?	
11	A	No. Well, I don't know where their	
12	headquart	ers is; but they have nursing homes in	
13	many, mar	ny locations.	
14	Q	Do you know where that case was filed?	
02:54:5215	A	I sure don't.	
16	Q	And how about Garcia versus	
17	Α	But I believe the Methodist Hospital, I	
18	believe t	that was Houston.	
19	Q	And Garcia versus Garcia?	
02:55:0420	Α	I don't remember.	
21	Q	Did you testify here in Houston or	<u>بر</u> در
22	elsewhere	e?	51710
23	A	The deposition was taken here in Houston.	5990
24	Q	Have you given other depositions in the	0
02:55:2625	last five	e years?	

02:55:26 1	A	No.	
2	Q	Prior to the period 1994, had you given	
3	any depos	citions?	
4	A	Yes.	
02:55:48 5		MR. THORPE: I'd like to mark	
6		that.	
7			
. 8		(STILES EXHIBIT NO. 1, LIST OF	
9		PRIOR TESTIMONY, WAS MARKED FOR	
10		IDENTIFICATION. SAME WILL BE FOUND	
11		AT THE CONCLUSION OF THIS	
12		DEPOSITION.)	
13			
14	(By Mr. 7	Chorpe)	
02:56:1015	Q	Dr. Stiles, with regard to the tobacco	
. 16	litigatio	on for which we are here today, when were	
17	you first	contacted to become or contacted with	
18	regard to	giving expert testimony in this case?	
19	A	It would have been either late April or	
02:56:2820	early May	<b>7.</b>	
21	Q	Of 1997?	
22	A	Yes.	517
23	Q	Who contacted you first?	10
24	А	Mr. James Ebanks.	5991
02:56:5025	Q	Is he a lawyer?	<b></b>

02:56:50 1	Α	Yes.	
2	Q	For whom?	
3	Α	Geissel, Lyman, and Barker, I believe.	
4	Q	Had you worked for this law firm prior to	
02:57:12 5	their co	ntacting you?	
6	A	I had reviewed a case - a previous case.	
7	Q	Did that case also have something to do	
8	with smo	king or tobacco?	
9	Α	No.	
02:57:3610	Q	Why did they contact you?	
11	Α	I don't know.	
12	Q	Who hired you as an expert in this case?	
13	Α	I'll be reimbursed by the law firm of	
14	Shook, H	ardy & Bacon.	
02:57:5815	Q	And when did you first meet with the	
16	attorney	s at Shook, Hardy?	
17	А	Early May.	
18	Q	How long after you were first contacted by	
19	Mr. Eban	ks?	
02:58:1420	Α	Probably within a week or so.	
21	Q	What did Shook, Hardy tell you that they	ហ
22	wanted w	ith regard to your testimony in this case?	1710
23	Α	They were interested in whether I had	ø 59
24	knowledg	e about why residents are admitted to	992
02:58:4825	nursing	homes.	

02:59:02 1	Q At that time did they supply any documents
2	to you?
3	A No.
. 4	Q Have you done any research with regard to
02:59:14 5	any of the subject matter that's been covered in
6	this deposition or with regard to the report that
7	was submitted to us?
8	A Yes.
9	Q What documents did you review with regard
02:59:3010	to these subjects?
11	A I looked at a number of texts that were in
. 12	my library, and I requested the T.M.A. to supply me
13	with journal articles regarding the topics.
14	Q In the disclosure in this particular
03:00:0815	litigation, there are requirements to provide us
16	with documents in which you formed your opinion or
. 17	books and articles that you used in forming your
. 18	opinion. We were not supplied with any of this
19	material. Did you provide this material to your
03:00:2420	attorneys?
21	A I'm not relying on any of that information
. 22	in forming my testimony.
. 23	Q You used that information to research the υ
24	information that you are now testifying to; is that $\overset{9}{\omega}$
. 25	correct?

03:00:44 1	A I used it to be informative and helpful	
2	and refreshing, but I'm not relying My testimony	
3	is not based on any of that literature.	
4	Q But that information - did you use that as	
03:00:54 5	a basis for forming your opinions?	
6	A No.	
7	Q So, you just read that for your own	
8	edification?	
9	A For the reasons that I have stated.	
03:01:0410	Q Do you have that material still available?	
11	A I still have the textbooks; and, yes, I	
12	still have some articles.	
13	Q And you're testifying today that you used	
14	none of that information that you reviewed in	
03:01:2615	forming any of your opinions that you have given	
16	today?	
17	A That's correct.	
18	Q And, therefore, your opinions are based on	
19	what?	
03:01:4220	A They are based primarily on my experience	
21	and my previous knowledge of these matters.	ហ
22	MR. BORMAN: It is now	1710
23	3:00 o'clock, whenever you would like	5994
24	to take your hourly break.	94
03:02:0025	MR. THORPE: It's a good time.	



2 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are going off the record. It is one minute 3 after 3:00 o'clock. 03:02:16 5 (A BRIEF RECESS WAS TAKEN.) 6 7 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: It's 14 8 minutes after 3:00 o'clock; and we 9 are back on the record. 03:14:1410 (By Mr. Thorpe) 11 Dr. Stiles, just before we took a break, 12 we were talking about what documents that you relied 13 on in forming your opinions. And you stated that 03:14:2815 you did not rely on any of the materials that you reviewed in forming your opinion; is that correct? Yes. 17 Α And you have stated also - and correct me 18 19 if I'm wrong - that you are limiting your opinions 03:14:4220 to your prior experience in this particular area; is that correct? 22 Well, my prior experience and my general knowledge of the field. And as I said, the materials that I read were useful and informative 03:14:5825 and helpful; but I'm not relying on them as a basis

We'll take it right now.

1

03:14:58 1	of my opinion.
2	Q So, you are limiting your opinions based
3	on your experience in the field of gerontology; is
4	that correct - gerontology and your experience and
03:15:18 5	your nursing home experience in your own private
6	practice?
7	A I'm not sure I understand how that
. 8	question is different than the one I just answered.
9	Q I'm just trying to find out what you are
03:15:3210	basing your opinions on and what you based your
11	opinions on with regard to the report that was
12	submitted to us.
13	And would you again state what you are
14	basing those opinions on and what materials or what
03:15:4615	knowledge you are basing them on.
16	A I'm basing my opinion on my experience and
17	knowledge in the field of internal medicine and
. 18	gerontology. As I have said, I'm not relying on the
19	literature that we have just discussed as the basis
03:16:0420	for my opinion. They were useful and helpful and
21	informative.
22	Q Did any of the attorneys or anyone else in
23	this particular litigation provide you with any
24	materials?
. 03:16:3025	A Yes.

03:16:32 1	Q Who was that?
2	A Ms. Lewis.
3	Q What materials were provided by Ms. Lewis?
4	A They provided some journal articles.
03:16:50 5	Q Could you tell me what these journal
6	articles pertained to?
7	A They pertained primarily to nursing homes
8	and admission to nursing homes.
9	Q Where were these articles published?
03:17:2210	A In numerous recognized medical journals.
11	I don't remember which ones specifically; but they
12	were ones, as I reviewed them, I recognized.
13	Q Did you rely on any of these materials in
14	forming your opinion?
03:17:3615	A They were helpful and useful and
16	informative, but I did not rely on them to form any
17	of my opinions.
18	Q In any of the materials that you gathered
19	yourself, did you provide those materials to any of
03:18:0220	the attorneys or anyone else associated with this
21	litigation?
22	A Yes.
23	Q What materials did you provide to your
24	attorneys or to the attorneys you are working with?
03:18:2825	A I provided some journal articles; and I

03:18:30 1	believe they were the ones, as I recall, that had	
2	come from the T.M.A.	
3	Q And these Did you do this after you	
4	were hired as an expert in this case?	
03:18:42 5	A Yes.	
6	Q How much are you being paid as an expert	
7	in this case?	
. 8	A \$500 an hour.	
9	Q How much have you been paid to date for	
03:19:1810	your preparation for testimony in this case?	
11	A I've not submitted a bill.	
12	Q Do you keep a ledger, or do you keep some	
13	type of notes with regard to the amount of time that	
14	you have spent in this case?	
03:19:3615	A I keep notes.	
16	Q Do you have those notes with you today?	
17	A No.	
18	Q In reviewing any of the materials that you	
19	say are helpful and useful and informative, did you	
03:19:5620	keep any notes on when you were reviewing this	
21	material?	
22	A No.	517
23	Q Did you make any notes in preparation for	710
24	your testimony today or your testimony later at	5998
03:20:1225	trial?	~

03:20:14 1	A No.
2	Q Were you asked not to keep notes?
3	A Not that I recall.
4	Q Is this a practice that you have in any of
03:20:24 5	the consulting work that you do?
6	A Yes.
7	Q How many times have you met with the
. 8	attorneys involved in this case since May of - I
9	believe it's May of 1997?
03:20:5010	A Four or five times.
11	Q You stated that you met - shortly after
12	you were contacted by Mr. Ebanks, you met with
13	Shook, Hardy; is that correct?
14	A Yes.
03:21:1215	Q Who did you meet with?
16	A Mr. Ebanks was there; Ms. Lewis was there;
17	another attorney from Shook, Hardy. I believe his
18	name was Clyde Curtis, I believe.
19	Q What was discussed at that meeting and
03:21:3620	when did it occur and where did it occur?
21	A It occurred in the offices of Mr. Ebanks,
22	it occurred sometime in early May, and we discussed
23	what - why they were interested in my area of $\sigma$
24	expertise relative to why residents might end up
03:22:0425	being in a nursing home.

	03:22:16 1	Q What did you tell them?
-	2	A I told them that I had some experience in
	3	that area.
	4	Q What else did you discuss at that time?
	03:22:42 5	A That's all I can recall right now.
	6	Q Well, was there anyone else in attendance
	7	other than the three lawyers?
٠.	8	A I don't believe so.
•	9	Q When was the next time that you met with
	03:23:0210	anyone involved in this litigation?
-	11	A Well, we met sometime later. I don't
	12	remember. It would have been a week or two. I
	13	don't remember exactly. Again, I believe it was
	14	Ms. Lewis and Mr. Curtis; and Mr. Ebanks may have
	03:23:4415	been there. I believe that was also in his office.
	16	Q Here in Houston?
	17	A Yes.
	18	Q What was discussed at that period?
	19	A Again, we talked about my opinion; and I
	03:24:1420	believe it was at that meeting that we discussed a
	21	statement that was necessary for us to provide you.
	22	I don't know the official name of that. It was
	23	necessary for us to provide you with the general
	24	topics about which I would be testifying.
	03:24:3625	Q Had a statement been prepared for you to

-		•	
03:24:38 1	evaluate at that time?		
. 2	A	There was a draft of a statement, yes.	
3	Q	Do you still have that draft?	
4	A	No.	
03:24:50 5	Q	Why not?	
6	A	I didn't keep a copy.	
7	Q	Did you take a copy of that draft out of	
. 8	the offic	ce on that day?	
. 9	A	I did not.	
03:25:0010	Q	Did you make changes to that draft at that	
11	time?		
12	A	Yes.	
13	Q	Who did you leave that draft change with?	
14	A	Ms. Lewis.	
03:25:2015	Q	Who prepared the original draft?	
16	А	I don't know.	
17	Q	Was it prepared by lawyers in Shook,	
18	Hardy?	•	
19	A	That would be my assumption, but I	
03:25:3620	don't	The answer is I don't know.	
21	Q	You did not prepare that draft?	
. 22	A	I did not.	5171
- 23	Q	Had you spoken to anyone on the telephone	0
24	prior to	the second meeting with regard to this	6001
03:25:5425	litigati	on?	
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	03:26:00 1	A It's quite possible. I don't recall.	
	2	Q Do you keep a log of phone calls that are	
	3	made with regard to this case?	
	4	A Sometimes.	
	03:26:10 5	Q Do you charge for a telephone	
,	6	conversation?	
	7	A If they are of any length.	
	8	Q What do you by "any length"?	
	9	A 10 or 15 minutes.	
	03:26:2210	Q So, any time that there is a conversation	
	11	10 or 15 minutes or greater, you log that down?	
	12	A I try to.	
	13	Q And you, again, would have that log with	
	14	your other notes with regard to your fee?	
	03:26:3815	A I have that with the information regarding	
	16	the fee.	
	17	Q Do you know how many times you may have	
	18	spoken with someone prior to the second meeting,	
	19	with regard to this case obviously?	
•	03:27:0020	A I don't think it would have been many	
	21	times, but it could have been two or three. I don't	517
	22	recall.	1710
	23	Q What were the nature of the conversations	6002
	24	you had and with whom?	2
	03:27:1225	A They would have all been along the same	

03:27:16 1	lines that we have just discussed, and to my
2	recollection they would have all been with
3	Ms. Lewis. I believe that's accurate.
4	Q You don't recall talking with anyone else
03:27:34 5	other than Ms. Lewis?
6	A I don't believe so.
7	Q When was the next time you met with the
8	attorneys in this case?
9	A I don't believe I met with them again then
03:28:0410	until real early July.
11	Q Who was present at that meeting?
12	A Ms. Lewis and another attorney, and I
13	believe his name was Tom Duncan.
14	Q Do you know where he was from - from which
03:28:2015	firm?
16	A I do not.
17	Q Was anyone else present?
18	A No.
19	Q Where was this meeting held?
03:28:3020	A In Pecos, New Mexico.
21	Q Pardon? ση
22	A Sorry. In Pecos, New Mexico.
23	O tilliana da Dania Maradaan
24	A It's near Santa Fe.
03:28:5225	Q Was there a reason to pick that site for

03:28:52 1	your meeting?
2	A That's where I was at the time.
3	Q Where did you meet in Pecos?
4	A At a monastery.
03:29:10 5	Q I think I'm just going to leave this one.
6	MR. THORPE: They let you into a
7	monastery?
. 8	A You asked the question.
9	Q What was the nature of the conversation at
03:29:2410	this time?
11	A We again discussed further really the same
12	topics that I have already mentioned - why are
13	residents admitted to nursing homes, what
. 14	precipitates their family or their circumstances to
03:29:5015	elect their going into a nursing home.
16	Q Was another draft of your opinions
. 17	presented to you at that time?
18	A No.
19	Q Between that meeting and the prior meeting
03:30:0820	how many phone calls - telephone calls - did you
21	participate in with regard to this case?
22	A Well, there weren't many. Ms. Lewis did 8
. 23	contact my wife. It was extremely difficult to get
24	in touch with me. So, arrangements were made
03:30:3425	through Ms. Lewis and her contacting my wife and my

03:30:36 1	contacts with my wife in terms of arranging that	
2	meeting. So, I don't know how many phone calls they	
3	had; but I would guess it was two or three phone	
4	calls. And during that period of time, I would not	
03:30:54 5	have talked with her on the phone.	
6	Q After the meeting you had with the	
7	attorneys in Pecos, when was the next time that you	
8	met with anyone involved in this case?	
9	A That would have been shortly after the	
03:31:2610	15th of July, within a few days after that. I don't	
11	remember the It could have been the 18th, the	
12	19th, something like that.	
13	Q Who did you meet with at that time?	
14	A Ms. Lewis, Mr. Borman.	
03:31:4215	Q Pardon?	
16	A Mr. Borman, Carol Braun.	
17	Q Who is Ms. Braun?	
18	A She is an attorney.	
19	Q For whom?	
03:31:5620	A I don't know.	
21	Q Anyone else there?	<b>,</b> 5
22	A Carol Braun is an attorney for Shook,	5171
23	Hardy. There was another attorney there that I	0
24	didn't know for sure whether she was with the Shook,	6005
03:32:2225	Hardy firm or not - her name was Lucy Eisenberg -	
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	03:32:32 1	and this attorney at the end of the table, whose	
	2	name I still don't remember, for a portion of that	
	3	meeting.	
	4	Q Jane?	
	03:32:44 5	A Yes.	
	6	I believe that's all.	
	7	Q What was discussed at that meeting?	
	8	A At that meeting we discussed the second	
	9	statement of my opinion regarding what I was	
	03:33:1210	retained to testify about. A draft of a statement	
	11	had been prepared, which was then discussed.	
	12	Q Did you make changes of that draft during	
	13	that meeting?	
	14	A Yes.	
	03:33:4415	Q Who prepared the second draft or the	
	16	second statement that you worked on at that time?	
	17	A I believe Ms. Lewis prepared it. Whether	
	18	it was solely at her authorship or not, I don't know	
	19	the answer to that. But I know that she was, if not	
•	03:34:0220	the sole author, she was the major contributor.	
	21	Q Do you know if anyone else might have	υī
	22	contributed?	51710
	23	A I don't know.	
	24	Q Was this a modification of the original	6006
	03:34:1425	draft that you discussed earlier?	

2 Q This is a totally separate draft?  A It was a totally separate draft.  Q And I think you testified earlier that you do not know who has the original draft?  A I did not I did not or do not have a copy of the draft. Who has it, I don't know. It was present in the room when I left; but who left with it, I don't know.  Q When you left that day, did you take a copy of this second draft of your opinion or statement?  A No.  Q Who did you leave that with?  A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Q Here in Houston?  A Yes.	03:34:14 1	A No.	
Q And I think you testified earlier that you do not know who has the original draft?  A I did not I did not or do not have a copy of the draft. Who has it, I don't know. It was present in the room when I left; but who left with it, I don't know.  Q When you left that day, did you take a copy of this second draft of your opinion or statement?  A No.  Q Who did you leave that with?  A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Were in Houston?	2	Q This is a totally separate draft?	
do not know who has the original draft?  A I did not I did not or do not have a copy of the draft. Who has it, I don't know. It was present in the room when I left; but who left with it, I don't know.  Q When you left that day, did you take a copy of this second draft of your opinion or statement?  A No.  Q Who did you leave that with?  A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.	3	A It was a totally separate draft.	
6 A I did not I did not or do not have a copy of the draft. Who has it, I don't know. It was present in the room when I left; but who left with it, I don't know.  9 When you left that day, did you take a copy of this second draft of your opinion or statement?  13 A No. 14 Q Who did you leave that with?  13 A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  18 Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  21 A Yes.  22 Q Where was that meeting held?  23 A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  55 OF	4	Q And I think you testified earlier that you	
copy of the draft. Who has it, I don't know. It  was present in the room when I left; but who left  with it, I don't know.  Q When you left that day, did you take a  copy of this second draft of your opinion or  statement?  A No.  Q Who did you leave that with?  A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Where in Houston?	03:34:28 5	do not know who has the original draft?	
was present in the room when I left; but who left with it, I don't know.  Q When you left that day, did you take a copy of this second draft of your opinion or statement?  A No.  Q Who did you leave that with?  A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Q Here in Houston?	6	A I did not I did not or do not have a	
9 with it, I don't know.  03:34:5810 Q When you left that day, did you take a  11 copy of this second draft of your opinion or  12 statement?  13 A No.  14 Q Who did you leave that with?  03:35:1015 A Again, it was left in the room. I assume  16 that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an  17 assumption.  18 Q And that second draft that we are talking  19 about contained the changes that you made with  19 regard to that statement; is that correct?  21 A Yes.  22 Q Where was that meeting held?  23 A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  24 Q Here in Houston?  57776	7	copy of the draft. Who has it, I don't know. It	
O3:34:5810 Q When you left that day, did you take a copy of this second draft of your opinion or statement?  A No.  Q Who did you leave that with?  A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Where in Houston?	8	was present in the room when I left; but who left	
copy of this second draft of your opinion or statement?  A No.  Q Who did you leave that with?  A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  WHere in Houston?	9	with it, I don't know.	
12 statement?  13 A No.  14 Q Who did you leave that with?  03:35:1015 A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  18 Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  21 A Yes.  22 Q Where was that meeting held?  23 A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  24 Q Here in Houston?	03:34:5810	Q When you left that day, did you take a	
A No.  14 Q Who did you leave that with?  03:35:1015 A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  18 Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  21 A Yes.  22 Q Where was that meeting held?  23 A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  24 Q Here in Houston?	11	copy of this second draft of your opinion or	
Q Who did you leave that with?  A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Q Here in Houston?	12	statement?	
O3:35:1015  A Again, it was left in the room. I assume that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  18 Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  21 A Yes.  22 Q Where was that meeting held?  23 A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  24 Q Here in Houston?  80 O	13	A No.	
that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Q Here in Houston?	14	Q Who did you leave that with?	
assumption.  Q And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held? A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Q Here in Houston?	03:35:1015	A Again, it was left in the room. I assume	
And that second draft that we are talking about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held? A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Q Here in Houston?	16	that Ms. Lewis was in charge of that, but that is an	
about contained the changes that you made with regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Where in Houston?	17	assumption.	
regard to that statement; is that correct?  A Yes.  Q Where was that meeting held?  A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Q Here in Houston?	18	Q And that second draft that we are talking	
21 A Yes.  22 Q Where was that meeting held?  23 A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  24 Q Here in Houston?	19	about contained the changes that you made with	
Q Where was that meeting held?  In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  Here in Houston?	03:35:2220	regard to that statement; is that correct?	
23 A In the offices of Shook, Hardy.  24 Q Here in Houston?	21	A Yes.	
Q Here in Houston?	22	Q Where was that meeting held?	5 1.
	23		
	24	Q Here in Houston?	600
	03:35:4225		7



03:35:50 1	Q	Do you know why the meeting was changed	
2	from Shoc	ok, Hardy - or from Mr. Ebanks office to	
3	Shook, Ha	rdy?	
4	Α	I do not know.	
03:36:04 5	Q	When was the next time that you met with	
6	anyone in	volved in this case?	
7	A	Let's see. We met Monday.	
8	Q	Was that meeting held here in Houston?	
9	Α	Yes.	
03:36:2210	Q	At Shook, Hardy?	
11	A	Yes.	
12	Q	Who was present at that time?	
13	A	Carol Braun, Mr. Borman, and Ms. Lewis and	
14	that's al	.1.	
03:36:4615	Q	In your previous meeting at Shook, Hardy,	
16	do you kr	now why Ms. Eisenberg was present?	
17	A	No.	
18	Q	Or any of the other attorneys you hadn't	
19	met with	before?	
03:37:0020	A	No.	
21	Q	During this meeting what did you discuss?	
22	A	We discussed, again, my opinion about the	51
23	matters a	at hand.	710
24	Q	Could you give me a little more detail?	6008
03:37:2225	It's real	lly rather vague.	œ

03:37:24 1	A We discussed my opinion about why
2	residents are admitted to nursing homes. We also
3	discussed what topics you might be interested in in
4	your taking of the deposition today.
03:37:46 5	Q What topics did the attorneys say that we
6	might be interested in asking you about?
7	A Well, we talked about your interest in
8	smoking as a risk factor and its relationship to a
9	number of diseases.
03:38:1810	Q Did you speak or discuss specifically any
11	diseases?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Which diseases?
14	A Many of the ones that we have already
03:38:2615	mentioned.
16	Q Did you also discuss smoking risks in
17	terms of diseases of the elderly?
18	A Yes.
19	Q What specifically did you talk about with
03:38:4820	regard to these two topics?
21	A One of the things that we talked about was
22	a topic that we have already discussed. And that is
23	the fact that there seems to be a weaker
24	relationship between smoking as a risk factor in the
03:39:2625	elderly as relates to cerebral vascular disease,
	2 3 4 03:37:46 5 6 7 8 9 03:38:1810 11 12 13 14 03:38:2615 16 17 18 19 03:38:4820 21 22 23 24

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strokes.
03:39:26 1
                          Were any research papers or medical
                literature provided to you at that time regarding
         3
                that issue?
                          No.
03:39:34 5
                Α
                          Did the attorneys that you spoke with talk
         6
                about any studies that directly related to those
         7
                issues?
         8
                          Not that I recall.
                          What other issues or what other topics
03:39:5210
                were discussed with you with regard to possible
        11
                areas of questions that we might ask?
        12
                          Many of the things that we have talked
        13
                about - my background, my education, experience that
        14
                I have had with nursing home patients. My
03:40:2615
                experience in practice in general both relates to
        16
                the office practice, the hospital practice, and the
        17
                nursing home practice.
        18
                           Were any documents or materials provided
        19
                to you at that time with regard to possible topics
03:40:4020
                we might ask?
        21
                Α
                           No.
        22
                           Were any written questions provided to
        23
        24
                 you?
                           No.
03:40:4825
                 Α
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03:40:52 1	Q What other issues were discussed during	
2	that meeting?	
3	A That's all I recall right now.	
4	Q Were there any phone calls between your	
03:41:14 5	meeting around the 15th and the meeting I assume was	
6	yesterday; is that correct?	
7	A There may have been one about firming up	
8	the time and the place, as I recall; but that's the	
9	only one I recall.	
03:41:3810	Q During the last meeting you had yesterday	
11	with the folks involved in this case, did you go	
12	over the written opinion that was provided to us in	
13	your disclosure?	
14	A The two documents that I have made	
03:41:5215	reference to?	
16	Q Yes.	
17	A Well, I don't know that I would say that	
18	we went over them. They were there. It seems that	
19	we may have made reference to them as a part of the	
03:42:1820	discussion; but in answer to your question, no, we	
21	didn't go over them.	
22	Q Were any of the areas in which you have	<u>ل</u> ب
23	stated an opinion discussed at that time?	51710
24	A I'm sorry. I'm not sure I understand.	6011
03:42:3625	Q The opinions that you have listed in your	4-4

03:42:40 1	disclosure - were any of those opinions discussed
2	during that last meeting?
3	A Yes, I'm sure they were.
4	Q But not specifically reading from the
03:42:48 5	disclosure? That is what you are saying?
6	A I'm not certain that we actually spent any
7	time reading from the disclosure documents, per se;
8	although we might have made an occasional reference
9	to it.
03:43:1610	Q Other than the attorneys that you have
11	listed in the meetings that you attended either at
12	Shook, Hardy or one of the other law firms, have you
13	discussed this case with anyone else?
14	A No.
03:43:3415	Q Have you met with or discussed this case
16	with any other physicians or medical people with
17	medical knowledge?
18	A No.
19	Q Have you discussed any of the issues with
03:43:5020	regard to this case with anyone involved in nursing
21	home administration?
22	A No.
23	Q Were you ever provided with any of the
24	tobacco industry's internal studies about the danger
03:44:0825	of tobacco during your pendency of this litigation?

03:44:12 1	A I was not provided with any internal	
2	documents from the tobacco industry.	
3	Q Dr. Stiles, you have give deposition	
4	testimony prior to this. Are you familiar with	
03:44:38 5	deposition notices that are sent out with regard to	
6	when and where depositions are going to be taken?	
7	A I would have a layman's knowledge about	
8	them, yes.	
9	Q You are not provided with the notice	
03:44:5010	itself; is that correct?	
11	A I guess there have been times, perhaps I	
12	was. Yeah, I think so, at times.	
13	Q With regard to this deposition today, were	
14	you provided a notice of this deposition?	
03:45:0815	A I saw it yesterday.	
16	Q Okay. At the time that you saw the	
17	deposition yesterday, were you also provided with	
18	the subpoena duces tecum attached to that notice?	
19	It's entitled Exhibit A.	
03:45:3220	A I don't think so.	
21	Q This is the document that I'm referring	_
22	to. Have you seen that document that was attached	7 7 1
23	to any one of the deposition notices.	
24	A Yes. I didn't recognize it by your	6013
03:45:5025	description.	

03:45:50 1	Q And you saw that yesterday
2	A Yes.
3	Q is that correct?
4	The subpoena duces tecum asks you to
03:46:02 5	provide or bring a number of different documents.
6	And since you have seen this, I would like to go
7	over these documents and see Rather than spend
8	some time or some of our time going over that, were
9	any documents that were requested in this subpoena
03:46:2610	duces tecum - have you brought any today?
11	A I brought two documents that I believe you
12	have previously received these. These are the
13	copies of the two statements. I believe you have
14	received these before. This is all that I brought
03:46:4215	with me today.
16	Q Were there any other documents that were
17	responsive to this request?
18	A No.
19	Q And you say that you have some type of
03:47:0220	notes or documents with regards to your time that
21	you have spent in this case?
22	A Yes.
23	A Yes.  Q And you did not bring that today; is that $\frac{7}{10}$
24	correct?
03:47:0825	A That's correct.

03:47:10 1	Q But that is available?
2	A Yes.
3	MR. THORPE: I'd like to mark
4	this.
5	
6	(STILES EXHIBIT NO. 2, THE
7	SECOND AMENDED DEPOSITION NOTICE, WAS
8	MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION. SAME WILL
9	BE FOUND AT THE CONCLUSION OF THIS
10	DEPOSITION.)
11	
12	MR. THORPE: I'll state that
13	this is the amended deposition notice
14	that was sent out yesterday. The
03:47:3015	subpoena duces tecum is the same as
16	the prior deposition notice. This
17	one simply states the time and date,
18	as well as the subpoena duces tecum.
19	
20	(By Mr. Thorpe)
21	Q (Tendering) Dr. Stiles, I'd like you to
22	look at this document.
23	A (Darriarrima) Voc
. 24	Q Have you seen that document prior to
03:49:0225	today?

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03:49:12 1	A The words in this document are the same at
2	first reading as the words in this document. I'm
. 3	not aware of seeing it in this format.
4	Q You have never seen that particular
03:49:24 5	document prior to this as it's written?
6	A I don't think so.
7	Q As foundation, this is a document that was
8	provided by some of the defendants in this case as a
9	preliminary report of your opinions. Did you
03:49:5210	prepare this document?
11	A No, I did not.
12	Q And you have not seen this document prior
13	to today in this form?
14	A Again, as I repeat myself, I don't recall
03:50:0815	seeing it in that form. It's possible, but I don't
16	recall seeing it in any form other than this
17	particular format.
18	Q Was this the document you referred to as
19	the first draft that you saw some time ago?
03:50:2220	A No.
21	Q So, this is entirely separate?
22	A Yes. And, again, let me preface my
23	remarks. I have not compared that document with
24	this document word for word. It appears that they
03:50:3825	are the same. If they are the same, then what that

۷	It in that particular spacing and so leave	
3	Q So that we can be specific, could you take	
4	some time to take a look at those two documents	
03:50:50 5	A Sure.	
6	Q and tell me if they are the same or	
7	different?	
. 8	A (Witness complies) It is the same. I	
9	don't recall that a draft was finalized while I was	
03:52:0010	present when this was concluded. That's a	
11	possibility. I don't recall that as happening, but	
12	I suppose that's a possibility this was mailed to	
13	me.	
14	Q The document That was going to be my	
03:52:1015	question: When did you first receive this document?	
16	A Ms. Lewis mailed it to me some time after	
17	the meeting at which it was constructed.	
18	Q And when you say that "it was	
. 19	constructed"	
03:52:2020	A Within a few days.	
21	Q when was that?	
22		JI
23	my previous sequence of events; but it was after one	710
24	of the early-on meetings.	) )
03:52:3425	Q But you also Is it your testimony that	

says is what this says. And I don't recall seeing

it in that particular spacing and so forth.

03:50:40 1

03:52:38 1	this was not the first draft that you testified	
2	earlier?	
3	A That's correct. That is not the first	
4	draft.	
03:52:44 5	Q And you do not have a copy of what we	
6	referred to as the first draft?	
7	A I do not.	
8	Q And you do not know when you first	
9	received this; is that correct?	
03:52:5610	A I can't	
11	Q Or the document that you have?	
12	A I know that I received this some time	
13	after that date. I couldn't tell you exactly when.	
14	It was just mailed to me.	
03:53:1015	Q This is not a document that you were -	
16	that you discussed during any of your meetings; is	•
17	that correct?	
18	A Now, by "document" if you mean the words	
19	in this document, the words in this document were	
03:53:2620	discussed at the meeting. I do not recall seeing	
21	this document in this particular format at any	ហ
22	time. It's possible that maybe they drafted it	1710
23	while I was there. I don't remember that occurring.	6018
24	Q And you don't know who drafted it?	18
03:53:4025	A And I don't know who drafted it.	



03:53:40 1	MR. THORPE: Mark that as an
2	Exhibit.
3	
4	(STILES EXHIBIT NO. 3,
5	DISCLOSURE REPORT, WAS MARKED FOR
6	IDENTIFICATION. SAME WILL BE FOUND
7	AT THE CONCLUSION OF THIS
8	DEPOSITION.)
9	
03:53:4810	MR. THORPE: Before we go into
11	his report, do you want to take a
12	break?
13	MR. BORMAN: I guess this would
14	be a good time.
03:53:5415	MR. THORPE: I think so.
16	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are going
17	off the record. It's 53 minutes
18	after 3:00 o'clock.
19	
20	(A BRIEF RECESS WAS TAKEN.)
21	
22	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: It's
23	two minutes after 4:00 o'clock; and
24	we are back on the record.
25	φ

1	(By Mr. Thorpe)
2	Q Dr. Stiles, as part of the disclosure that
3	we were provided from the defendants in this case is
4	a report entitled "Charles M. Stiles, M.D., List of
04:03:34 5	Expert Opinions." You brought today a document with
6	you. Is that the same document?
7	(Tendering) The copy that I'm providing
8	you is a fax copy of your report.
9	A (Reviewing) Yes.
04:03:5610	MR. THORPE: I'd like to have
11	this marked.
12	
13	(STILES EXHIBIT NO. 4, LIST OF
14	EXPERT OPINIONS, WAS MARKED FOR
15	IDENTIFICATION. SAME WILL BE FOUND
16	AT THE CONCLUSION OF THIS
17	DEPOSITION.)
18	
19	(By Mr. Thorpe)
04:04:2020	Q I'd like to ask the questions from the
21	document we have marked.
22	Dr. Stiles, when was the first time that
23	you saw the document that is marked as Exhibit No.
24	4?
04:04:4425	A It was mailed to me at some time after the



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04:04:48 1	meeting at which this was discussed. I can't tell
2	you exactly when that would have been, but it would
3	have been - it would have been after the 15th. I
4	believe our meeting was something like the 18th or
04:05:08 5	19th; so, it would have been some time after that.
6	Q After your meeting?
7	A Uh-huh, on the 18th or 19th.
8	Q Was a draft of that document presented to
9	you at that particular meeting that you have just
04:05:2210	discussed on the 18th or 19th?
11	A Let me make sure that we are clear. When
12	I went to that meeting, the document with this title
13	had been constructed. It was at that meeting that
14	changes were made in that document. I did not while
04:05:4415	at the meeting see a copy of the revised, retyped
16	document.
17	Q And you have testified earlier that you do
18	not have a copy of the draft that you revised; is
19	that correct?
04:05:5420	A I did not and do not.
21	Q And some time after that meeting you were
22	sent the revised
23	A I believe you may have misspoke yourself,
24	and I agreed with you. You said the "revised"
04:06:0825	document. The document that was the original of

04:06:12 1	this document is the document that I did not or do
2	not have a copy of. I was sent a copy as it was
3	revised.
4	Q Okay. And this was the document that was
04:06:24 5	provided to us as the list of your opinions in this
6	case; is that correct?
7	A Yes.
8	Q And in your meeting yesterday with the
9	attorneys, did you have a copy of that document with
04:06:3610	you?
11	A I believe I had this with me.
12	Q And you have testified earlier that some
13	of the issues were discussed at that meeting; is
14	that correct?
04:06:5215	A Yes.
16	Q I'd like to go through the categories that
17	you listed with regard to your opinions - expert
18	opinions in this case. The first issue that you
19	address are biological mechanisms of aging.
04:07:1820	Did you use any documents or any research
21	materials to formulate your opinions with regard to
22	the statements you have made in this particular
23	category?
24	A No.
04:07:2825	Q What did you base your opinions on in

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04:07:32 1	formulating of in formulating four options.
2	A My knowledge and experience.
3	Q Have you ever done any research in the
4	field of aging?
04:07:40 5	A No.
6	Q Have you published anything in the field
7	of aging?
8	A No.
9	Q You state in this particular category that
04:07:5810	aging is not a disease, but a biological change over
11	time in the function of various organs and tissues
12	in the body.
13	Could you tell us what you mean by that,
14	Doctor?
04:08:1215	A The aging process is not a disease
16	process. It is a process that occurs because of
17	aging, not some superimposed added disorder.
18	Q And in the statement are you addressing
19	aging in general or in patients that are in nursing
04:08:3620	homes?
21	A It's not This statement is not
22	confined.
23	Q Do the risk factors or any or all of the
24	risk factors that we have talked about earlier - do
04:08:5825	they have any impact on the aging process?

04:09:30 1	A No. The two are really separate. The
2	risk factors that we have discussed may place an
3	individual at a higher risk for the development of
4	specific disorders, but the process of aging is an
04:09:50 5	independent process.
6	Now, I'll stop there.
7	Q And, so, the risk factors still influence
. 8	disease states as you age; is that correct?
9	A They may.
04:10:1210	Q In your discussion of the biological
11	mechanisms, one of things that I think is an issue
12	is wear and tear. Have you ever read or studied
13	anything about wear and tear with regard to the
14	aging process?
04:10:3015	A Wear and tear is a part of the aging
16	process relative to particularly certain structures.
17	Q And some of the influences on the
18	so-called wear and tear theory are environmental
19	factors?
04:10:5820	A Yes, I think so.
21	Q In that first paragraph you also state σ
22	that aging may render an individual susceptible to 7 1 0
23	disease.
24	Can you tell us what you meant by that
04:11:1425	statement, Doctor?

04:13:08 1	The rate of growth is often less, many times are	
2	less aggressive tumors in the older-age person as	
3	opposed to the younger-age person.	
4	Q Is it your experience that this is true in	
04:13:22 5	patients who are diagnosed with lung cancer?	
6	A I have seen some patients with - elderly	
7	patients with lung cancer where the progression of	
8	the growth of the tumor was remarkably slow.	
9	Q What type of lung tumor was that?	
04:13:5010	A The particular patient that comes to mind	
11	was never tissue-diagnosed.	
12	Q So, you don't know whether it was an	
13	adenocarcinoma or squamous cell carcinoma?	
14	A I could not answer that question.	
04:14:0415	Q Is this the exception or the rule in lung	
16	cancer?	
17	A In lung cancer the effect of age is	
18	perhaps less than in certain other It's certainly	
19	less than in certain other types of malignancies	
04:14:1820	such as the ones that I've listed here.	
21	Q Elderly patients that have cardiovascular	517
22	disease - is this statement true with those	710
23	patients?	602
24	A No.	9
04:15:0025	Q The next paragraph you talk about the	

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04:15:06 1	possibility or the interaction of genetic factors as
2	being critical in both aging and predisposition of
3	disease.
4	Could you tell us what you meant by that
04:15:14 5	statement?
6	A I think we all appreciate that people seem
7	to experience the aging process at different rates.
8	There are people who for their chronological age
9	seem to be much older than others of the same age.
04:15:4010	Q The genetics haven't been worked out in
11	this completely; is that correct?
12	A That's correct.
13	Q But we know that there is a certain
14	genetic predisposition to diseases?
04:15:5215	A Yes.
. 16	Q Is this part of the aging process, or is
17	this something that is predetermined much earlier
18	than the aging process?
19	A "This" being?
04:16:0420	Q The genetic influence in predisposition to
21	disease.
22	A Could you state the question again.
23	Q You state under the topic of "Biological
24	Mechanisms of Aging," you talk about genetic factors
04:16:1825	are critical in aging and predisposition to



04:16:20 1	disease.	
2	Can you give us examples or instances of	
3	genetic factors that influence a patient's	
4	predisposition to disease as he gets older - he or	
04:16:34 5	she gets older?	
6	A The genetic factors are present as a part	
7	of their gene makeup. So, those factors are not	
8	something that happens later in life. So, that	
9	factor is one which we inherit.	
04:17:0610	Q In your example you give Huntington's	
11	Chorea as a familial type of disease; is that	
12	correct?	
13	A Right. Right.	
14	Q The expression of Huntington's Chorea, is	
04:17:1615	that something that is expressed in elderly	
16	patients; or does that disease usually manifest	
17	itself much earlier?	
18	A It comes on much earlier than what we	
19	would call elderly.	
04:17:3220	Q And do these patients tend to live into	
21	ages after 65?	
22	A No.	51710
23	Q Are there examples of familial	
24	relationships in Alzheimer's disease?	6028
04:17:4025	A Yes.	

	1		
	04:17:42 1	Q Do you know what percentage of patients	
	2	who have Alzheimer's disease also have familial	
	3	history either of dementia or other Alzheimer's?	
-	4	A I've seen a variety of number from - and	
	04:17:58 5	it seems to be more prominent if it manifests	
	. 6	earlier in the ranges of - from 5 to 15 percent; but	
	7	it's been variously reported.	
•	8	Q Do you know if it goes as high as 25	
	9	percent?	
	04:18:1010	A I'm not certain. I've seen a number that	
	11	high. It seems like maybe I saw some report of 20	
	12	percent, but I don't remember a report of 25	
	13	percent.	
•	14	Q You also talk about genetic factors as	
-	04:18:2615	influencing susceptibility to diseases; is that	
-	16	correct?	
	17	A Uh-huh.	
	18	Q In a patient who develops a disease - and	
	19	we will pick an example of cardiovascular disease,	
•	04:18:4420	coronary artery disease - are there studies that	
	21	show that there is a disease - or a genetic	υn
	22	predisposition to this development?	51710
	23	A Yes.	0 60
	24	Q Are external risk factors still operative	929
•	04:18:5625	in the development of these diseases even in	

-		
,	04:18:58 1	patients who are not genetic - shown to be
	2	genetically susceptible?
	3	A Yes.
٠.	4	Q And smoking is one of those risk factors?
	04:19:04 5	A Yes.
	6	Q Is it fair to say, Doctor, that various
	7	risk factors that we have discussed today interact
	. 8	or can interact with the aging process to increase a
•	9	person's susceptibility to the development of
	04:19:3810	disease?
	11	A Yes.
	12	Q The next area that you list in terms of
	13	your opinions are cognitive impairment in elderly
	14	population.
<b>&gt;~</b> :	04:20:0815	Could you define for us We talked about
	16	it earlier. Could you define for us what is meant
	17	by cognitive impairment, or what you mean by
_	18	cognitive impairment?
	19	A It has to do with thinking and our
	04:20:2220	functions of being able to think in what we consider
	21	normal ways - our ability to reason, our ability to
	22	speak, our ability to perform motor functions.
_	23	There are many areas of cognition.
	24	Q In the elderly, Doctor, are there many
-	04:20:5825	causes of cognitive impairment?



04:20:58 1	A Yes.
2	Q Could you list some of the different
3	causes other than the Alzheimer's and Parkinson's
4	that you have referred to?
04:21:10 5	A Yes.
6	Q There are others?
7	A Yes.
8	Q What's the relationship of the term
9	"dementia" to cognitive impairment?
04:21:3010	A Cognitive impairment is a part of the
11	definition of "dementia." By "dementia," we mean
12	that the person has some degree of cognitive
13	impairment.
14	Q And, so, cognitive impairment is a common
04:21:5015	feature in patients who have been diagnosed with one
16	form of dementia or another; is that correct?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Are there dementias associated with
19	cardiovascular disease?
04:22:0220	A Yes.
21	Q Are there dementias associated with
22	stroke?
23	A Yes.
24	$\mathbb{Q}$ I've read the term "MID" with regard to
04:22:1825	stroke or infarcts and dementia, and I think it's

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04:22:20 1	called multiple infarct dementia.	
2	A Yes.	
3	Q Could you explain to us what that is -	
4	what multiple infarct dementia is?	
04:22:32 5	A That's a disorder where in a step-wise	
6	fashion because of - and I will use a commonly used	
7	term - "little strokes," a person suffers step-wise	
8	progressive loss of cognitive function.	
9	Q Are there multiple disease processes that	
04:22:5810	are involved in the development of the so-called	
11	multiple infarct dementias?	
12	A Primary disease has to do with	
13	cerebrovascular disease.	
14	Q And is this a disease that's influenced by	
04:23:1415	or caused by atherosclerosis?	
16	A Yes.	
17	Q Do you also see dementias associated	
18	with - or dementias in patients who have COPD?	
19	A Not as a primary cause, no.	
04:23:3820	Q But	
21	A They might have other diseases, but the	
22	COPD itself is not considered a cause of dementia.	
23	Q The COPD could influence the development	
24	of dementia in terms of hypoperfusion of the brain?	
04:24:0225	A That would be a very uncommon unusual	



04:25:38 1	Strike that.	
. 2	A patient who has Alzheimer's disease may	
3	have cognitive impairment based on the Alzheimer's	
4	disease, but may also have other diseases that	
04:25:52 5	influences the level of the cognitive impairment?	
6	A That's possible. That would be a minority	
7	of the patients who are diagnosed as having	
8	Alzheimer's disease.	
9	Q You speak in the next paragraph about	
04:26:1210	Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease as being	
11	two examples of neurodegenerative disorders commonly	
12	seen in Alzheimer's patients; is that correct?	
13	A You misspoke yourself. You said in	
14	"Alzheimer's disease."	
04:26:2215	Q I'm sorry.	
16	A And it's seen in the elderly population.	
17	Q I stand corrected. And you state later	
18	that 50 percent of the patients in nursing homes	
19	suffer from Alzheimer's disease; is that correct?	
04:26:3820	A Yes.	
21	Q Is this based on your experience in the	
22	nursing home population?	51710
23	Ι λ νοσ	
24	Q Is Alzheimer's a disease that can be	6034
04:26:5025	diagnosed by clinical findings?	



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	2	usually ma	ade on the basis of clinical findings	
	3	primarily	from historical information and	
	4	examination	on of the patient.	
	04:27:06 5	Q	Isn't it true that the conformation of the	
	6	diagnosis	can only be made by histopathological	
	7	studies?		
	. 8	A	That's true, but that's a different	
	9	question.		
	04:27:1410	Q	So, the diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease	
	11	is a presu	umptive diagnosis based on clinical	
	12	findings?		
	13	A	That's correct.	
	14	Q	Is it your experience in your treatment of	
	04:27:3015	geriatric	patients and the patients you see in	
	16	nursing h	omes that all of the patients who are	
	17	admitted v	with Alzheimer's are correctly diagnosed?	
	18	A	No. I think that it's not always an easy	
	19	diagnosis	to make.	
	04:27:5020	Q	And, again, some of the other patients are	
	21	patients	who have other underlying diseases that	
	22	mimic some	e of the symptomology?	51
;	23	A	It works in worth directions, however. I	710
	24	think that	t sometimes people who may have been	6035
	04:28:0825	diagnosed	as having semility due to cerebrovascular	5
	1			

It's -- That's how the diagnosis is

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04:28:10 1	disease, that some of those may also have
2	Alzheimer's disease.
3	So, I think that misdiagnosis is made in
4	both directions.
04:28:20 5	Q Is Parkinson's disease - the dementia
6	associated with Parkinson's disease a large
7	proportion of patients in nursing homes that have
. 8	dementia?
9	A I'm not sure I understand the question.
04:28:3210	The question is: Of the patients in a nursing home
11	that have dementia, is Parkinson's - does that
12	constitute a large percentage?
13	Q Yes.
14	A The answer is no.
04:28:4415	Q Do you know what percentage it is?
16	A Probably less than 10 percent.
17	Q Again, in the next paragraph, Doctor, you
18	talk about the pathogenetic processes involved in
19	the development of - specifically of Alzheimer's and
04:29:0420	Parkinson's disease; and you talk about risk factors
21	involved in the development of the disease.
22	There are a number of known risk factors
23	that may be associated with Alzheimer's development;
24	is that correct?
04:29:2025	A There's been a lot of research in that

04:29:22 1	area and a lot of controversy about what may or may
2	not constitute a risk factor, yes.
3	Q And earlier when we talked about What I
4	would like to expand on is that there is a familial
04:29:36 5	or possible genetic link to the development of
6	Alzheimer's in certain families; is that correct?
7	A Yes.
. 8	Q You state in this same paragraph that
9	there's no scientific evidence to conclude that
04:30:0210	cigarette smoking causes Alzheimer's disease; is
11	that correct?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Are there any studies that show that
14	smoking is not a risk factor or linked to the
04:30:1015	development of Alzheimer's disease?
16	A I have seen studies where the incidence of
17	Alzheimer's disease was negative related to the
18	consumption of cigarettes.
19	Q In studies that look specifically to
04:30:3020	Alzheimer's patients who have no familial
21	association - in other words, no family members who
22	have Alzheimer's disease; is that true?
23	l Δ I'm not sure
24	Q You have stated in this paragraph that, in $\frac{\omega}{2}$
04:31:0225	fact, various studies have shown a negative

04:31:04 1	association between cigarette smoking and
. 2	Alzheimer's disease suggesting that smoking has a
3	protective effect on Alzheimer's disease.
4	What studies are those, Doctor?
04:31:14 5	A It's a study that I read. I can't tell
6	you the exact - I can't cite the reference right
7	now.
8	Q Was that study a study or paper that you
9	based your opinion on - or based your formation of
04:31:2410	this opinion?
11	A No.
12	Q Why is that, Doctor?
13	A Because I was aware of that as a fact
14	prior to having read that.
04:31:3815	Q If the literature looking at smoking as a
16	negative risk factor or as a positive risk factor
17	showed that the negative influence of smoking is
18	only seen in familial type of Alzheimer's disease,
19	would that surprise you?
04:32:0020	A I just - I don't know the answer in terms
21	of what the facts are; so, I can't really address
22	that.
23	Q Let me restate it then. If there are
24	studies that show that - and a significant number of $\overset{\mathfrak{o}}{_{{_{{_{}{_{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{}{{}{$
04:32:1225	studies that show that the negative influence of

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04:34:32 1	that supports what my contention and the contention	
. 2	of others, but we will leave that for a different	
3	time.	
4	A Fine.	
04:34:42 5	Q Doctor, even though some studies suggest	
6	that there is a protective effect of smoking, would	
. 7	you advocate Strike that.	
. 8	Even though there are studies that suggest	
9	that there may be a protective effect in the	
04:35:0010	development of both Alzheimer's and Parkinson's	
11	disease, would you advocate having your patients	
12	smoke as a possible method of prevention of the	
13	development of these diseases?	
14	A No.	
04:35:2415	Q Dr. Stiles, I'd like to turn to the next	
16	category of your opinions; and that's entitled "Risk	
. 17	Factors and Reasons for Nursing Home Admissions."	
. 18	You state that in the opening of the first	
19	paragraph that the primary risk factor for nursing	
04:35:4420	home placement is age; is that correct?	
21	A That's correct.	ហ
. 22	Q Isn't it true that the primary reason for	5171
23	nursing home placement would be the disease state of	0 60
24	that patient irrespective of just age?	6040
04:35:5625	A No.	
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04:36:00 1	Q Then could you tell us what you base this
2	conclusion on?
3	A The basis for that is, for example, if you
4	look at the people who are in nursing homes, the
04:36:16 5	overwhelming majority of them are elderly people;
6	and that is in most studies that have looked at the
7	factors that are involved in residents being placed
. 8	in a nursing home. Age is No. 1.
9	Q Is age a criteria for the admission of
04:36:3410	Medicaid patients?
11	A I believe we discussed earlier that I'm
12	not certain exactly how Medicaid makes the decision
13	about that. My feeling is that the answer to that
14	is probably no. And age is a factor in the
04:36:5215	development of the functional capacities; so, age is
16	directly related to how they function.
17	Q Have you ever admitted a patient solely on
18	the criteria of their age?
19	A I'm sure I have not.
04:37:0820	Q You also state that patients are admitted
21	to nursing homes predominantly because of biological
22	and functional - biological functional impairment or
23	behavioral impairment. What do you mean by
24	"biological functional impairment"?
04:37:2025	A I think that is explained in the next



04:37:20 1	sentence. "Functional impairment includes the
2	impaired ability to perform activities of daily
3	living such as ambulation, bowel and bladder
4	control, bathing, eating and the like."
04:37:32 5	Q Does this also include - or do you include
6	in your biological functional impairment inability
7	to breath on their on without either oxygen or
. 8	assisted breathing?
9	A Well, I would have to think about that. I
04:37:5610	have had so few patients where that was the reason
11	for admission to a nursing home. Certainly if
12	someone is requiring assisted breathing, they may
13	well require a nursing home placement. So, yes, I
14	would say that could be included in this list; but
04:38:3415	the frequency with which that is - what I'm talking
16	about would be extraordinarily small. What I'm
17	talking about here are the main factors that are
18	found in the nursing home population, and the
19	majority of people in nursing home populations have
04:38:5220	trouble with difficulties that I have listed.
21	The isolated case that you have suggested
22	must be extraordinarily unusual.
23	Q In your discussions as one the
24	impairments, ambulation, is there a cardiovascular

component to the inability of patients - their

04:39:0425

04:39:06 1	ability to walk?
2	A A cardiovascular?
3	Q Can cardiovascular disease influence the
4	patient's inability to ambulate?
04:39:20 5	A Yes, that's possible.
6	Q Peripheral vascular disease?
7	A That's possible.
. 8	Q Isn't that, in fact, two influences that
9	do - or two things that do influence the ability of
04:39:4010	a patient to be able to perform activities of daily
11	living?
12	A It is possible, yes. There are others
13	that would be much more common; but, yes, those are
14	possible.
04:39:5215	Q What causes bowel and bladder control
16	problems?
17	A Usually it's not known. They are just
18	incontinent. There might be a variety of reasons,
19	but it usually has to do with the nervous system.
04:40:0620	Q Does it also have to do with
21	atherosclerotic problems?
22	A It can have to do with the vascular $\overset{7}{\circ}$
23	supply. Yes, it can.   δ Δ Δ Δ
24	Q Can you define what you mean by
04:40:1625	"activities of daily living"?

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04:40:20 1	A This is variously defined; but it
2	basically has to do with what we would consider
3	ordinary functions such as being able to ambulate
4	unassisted, to go to the bathroom unassisted, to eat
04:40:42 5	unassisted, to care for yourself, to comb your hair
6	unassisted, whether you are continent or incontinent
7	bladder and/or bowel. Those are the types of
8	activities that are ordinarily associated with
9	active daily living, the things that you and I do
04:40:5810	without giving it much thought.
11	Q A patient in a nursing home, do their
12	underlying disease states have anything to do with
13	their inability to perform activities of daily
14	living?
04:41:1015	A Yes.
16	Q You also state that one of the criteria
17	for reasons for nursing home placement are
18	behavioral impairments. Does this also include the
19	dementias that we have discussed earlier?
04:41:3020	A It's really a little different in terms of
21	what I'm trying to point out in this sentence.
22	Certainly people who have dementias have some of
23	these things that I listed here - memory loss,
24	impaired judgment. But there are also patients that

don't really meet the criteria of a dementia

04:41:5025

04:41:54 1	diagnosis	, but have behavior problems. They don't	
2	want to e	at or they don't want to get dressed or	
3	they want	to get undressed or they are aggressive or	
4	they are	agitated or they wander.	
04:42:06 5		And they may do these things and not	
6	necessari	ly meet the criteria of a formal diagnosis	
7	of a deme	ntia. It's just that their behavior is	
8	such that	they cannot be managed at home.	
9	Q	Do these behavioral impairments Strike	
04:42:1810	that.		
11		Again, the patient's underlying disease	
12	state, do	es that have an influence on some of the	
13	behaviora	l impairments?	
14	A	It can.	
04:42:3415	Q	Have you ever admitted a patient to a	
16	nursing h	ome based solely on behavioral impairments?	
17	A	I'm sure I have not. You meant by that as	
18	a diagnos	is?	
19	Q	Yes.	
04:42:5220	A	Yes, the answer is no.	
21	Q	Do you know whether that's a criteria for	51
22	admission	?	710
23	A	I'm sure it's not.	6045
24	Q	Under Medicaid?	Ü
04:43:0225	A	I'm fairly certain it's not.	



04:43:06 1	Q You state that approximately 90 percent of
2	residents in the nursing home have some form of
3	behavioral impairment. Does that - is that In
4	that same patient population, do they also have some
04:43:22 5	type of underlying disease state?
6	A I think probably everyone in the nursing
7	homes has some underlying disease state. It may or
8	may not Their primary diagnosis may or may not be
9	really contributing to their behavior problems.
04:43:4810	They may be in there with the primary diagnosis of
11	cancer, but they may also have behavioral problems.
12	Q And the care and treatment they receive
13	are for both the underlying disease state, as well
14	as the other manifestations that they present with;
04:44:0015	is that correct?
16	A All of the above have to be cared for,
17	yes.
18	Q And Medicaid reimbursement is for all
19	aspects of the patient's - both the patient's
04:44:2220	condition - both behavioral, as well as biological?
21	A I can't really testify exactly how
22	Medicaid decides to make their reimbursements. I'm
23	not really knowledgeable about that.
24	Q You state next that these functional
04:44:4425	behavior impairments will lead to most residents



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seeking nursing home care rather than any one
specific disease.
Could you explain what you mean by that,
Doctor?
A Yes. I'm not sure I can make it any
clearer than that, but I will try.
Normally a patient may have any number of
diseases, but it may be that the real reason the
family elects to put them in a nursing home is
primarily related to their behavior as opposed to
specifically any one of those diagnoses. It may
just be the behavior problems that they can no
longer manage.
Q These patients Under the Medicaid rules
these patients have to have some type of underlying
biological disease in order to be admitted; is that
correct?
A Yes.
Q You state next that the diagnosis
contained on the nursing home admission form may
have nothing to do with the true reason for
admission.
What do you mean by that, Doctor?
A I mean pretty much what I have said - that
they may have several conditions in their true

04:46:00 1	diagnoses; but it may not be the real problem that	
2	the family is having in terms of managing that	
3	resident at home. It may be the behavior problem	
4	that is the real problem, and it may have only	
04:46:12 5	tangential relation to the - may perhaps even	
6	several diagnoses that they have. It's the behavior	
7	that's the problem or their inability to perform	
. 8	certain activities of daily living.	
9	Q Are you saying in this statement that	
04:46:3410	physicians admit patients to nursing homes not based	
11	on their disease?	
12	A No, I'm not saying that. I'm saying that	
13	the individual may well have all of the diseases. I	
14	mean, they will have all the diseases that are	
04:46:5215	listed; but that the actual reason for the family to	
16	make the decision that that person needs to be	
17	hospitalized may have only tangential relationship	
18	to those primary diseases. It may be that it's just	
19	that they wander, for example.	
04:47:1020	Q But this isn't the reason that these	
21	patients are placed in nursing homes under Medicaid;	1
22	is that correct?	,
23	A It may be in the family's mind why they	2500
24	are placed there.	α
04:47:2225	Q But without an underlying disease, those	

	4	Q And these other diseases contribute to the
,	04:47:34 5	chronic debilitation of these patients; is that
	6	correct?
	7	A They may to some extent.
•	8	Q What do you mean, Doctor, by the next
	9	statement: "Many physicians customarily included
	04:47:5610	all known current and past diagnoses of a given
	11	resident on the resident's chart, regardless of any
	12	actual need to provide medical treatment in the
	13	nursing home for the recorded diagnoses"?
	14	A What is it about that that is not
	04:48:0815	self-explanatory?
	16	Q That to me sounds like that these doctors
	17	that you are discussing, or that you are referring
	18	to here are admitting patients based not on a
	19	medical criteria, but on other criteria.
	04:48:2820	A I'm not sure that I understand your
	21	point. The Again, the individual may have 15 or
	22	20 diagnoses, some of which may be recognized as
	23	criteria for being admitted to the nursing home.
	24	But the real problem may not be related to those
	04:48:5025	diagnoses. It may be related to the problems of

patients cannot be admitted under Medicaid, right?

diseases, as well.

That is correct. So, they have the other

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04:48:54 1	active daily living and just management at home.
. 2	Q You're not implying that the doctors are
3	admitting these patients fraudulently?
4	A Absolutely not.
04:49:06 5	Q The next statement you make is that:
. 6	"Nursing home administrative issues often influence
7	what diagnoses are written on nursing home admission
. 8	forms."
9	What do you mean by that?
04:49:2210	A The administration is obviously interested
11	in being certain that the resident that is admitted
12	has a diagnosis that is recognized as reimbursable
. 13	by whatever - whether it's the insurance company,
14	Medicare, Medicaid, whoever it is. So, they are
04:49:4215	very concerned that that be illustrated on the
16	documents that are going to be necessary to support
17	the reimbursement request.
18	Now, that's not to say that they don't
19	have those diagnoses. It's just that they want to
04:49:5420	make darn sure that they get listed.
21	Q And you are not implying that they are
22	fraudulently listing something just for
23	
24	A Absolutely not.
04:50:1025	Q Doctor, in the last paragraph on this page



04:50:14 1 you state that: "It's not surprising that a few studies" - "that the few studies that have looked at smoking as a risk factor have found no significant 3 association between smoking and nursing home 04:50:26 5 admissions." Are you saying, Doctor, that the patients 6 who are admitted for cardiovascular diseases, for 7 COPD, for lung cancer, for the various diseases that we have discussed earlier, that smoking is not a 04:50:4210 risk factor and not one of the reasons that they have developed this disease and they are admitted? 11 I'm saying that, as we have said several 12 times, the things that you have listed are 13 recognized as risk factors for the development of a 04:50:5815 variety of diseases as we have discussed. But if you look at smokers and nonsmokers and see whether 16 there is a difference in admission rate to nursing 17 homes, there isn't. 18 19 If you look at the studies that have been 04:51:1220 done - the epidemiologic studies that have been done with regard to smoking related diseases, that there 21 is no association with regard to nursing home 22 23 population? 24 I don't understand the question.



What studies - what studies are you basing

04:51:3025

04:52:26 1	:26 1 Q Well, you state		
2	Α	They were useful and informative.	
3	Q	You state that there are studies, but you	
4	say that	you don't - you didn't base your opinion on	i
04:52:34 5	studies.		
. 6	A	That's right.	
7	Q	And you referenced the few studies that	
. 8	have been	looked at, but you haven't provided us	
9	with thos	se studies?	
04:52:4810	A	That's right.	
11	Q	Did you do a Med-Line search on this	
12	issue?		
13	A	I did not.	
14	Q	Did you have one done?	
04:53:0015	A	I did not.	
16	Q	Was one done?	
17	A	I don't know how TMA got their articles.	•
18	Q	And TMA is where you received these	
19	articles		
04:53:1220	A	Yes.	
21	Q	But you didn't use these articles to base	<b>U</b> ī
22	any of yo	our opinion with regard to this statement?	171
23	A	That's right.	0 60
24	Q	You reference the word "studies," but that	053
04:53:2825	wasn't wh	nat you based your opinion on?	

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04:53:30 1	A I believe I have answered that.
2	Q Doctor, you also state in the same
3	paragraph that it's not likely that Medicaid pays
4	more in nursing home costs for smokers than for
04:53:54 5	nonsmokers. What do you base that statement on?
6	A By inference from the topic we have just
7	discussed.
. 8	Q Did you Again, based on the articles
9	that you read?
04:54:0810	A No. Based on logic.
11	Q So, you are basing your opinion on whether
12	or not Medicaid pays nursing homes more in terms of
13	smoking than nonsmoking just on logic?
14	A Logic and my experience.
04:54:2615	Q And you stated earlier that you weren't -
16	you have testified earlier that you didn't know how
17	much Medicaid paid with regard to patient care.
18	A I gave you an estimate of the per diem
19	rate.
04:54:4020	Q But you do not know whether the patients
21	who have smoking-related diseases are reimbursed at
22	a higher rate or a lower rate or cost more during
23	their nursing care; is that correct?
24	A That's correct.
04:54:5425	Q So, you are making this assumption or this

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04:54:56 1	statement based only on your opinion and not on any	
2	facts that you have studied or read about; is that	
. 3	correct?	•
4	A Just my opinion, yes.	
04:55:18 5	Q Doctor, in a patient who is in a nursing	
- 6	home, a Medicaid patient specifically who is in a	
7	nursing home, and has an underlying disease process	
8	and, for example, COPD, who was a smoker and maybe	
9	even a current smoker, are you saying that the cost	
04:55:4610	of that patient's care is no greater than a patient	
11	who is admitted to the same nursing home for a	
12	nonsmoking-related disease?	
. 13	A In that particular patient you don't know	
14	whether he - whether his admission had anything to	
04:56:0015	do with the fact that he smoked or not.	
16	Q We are talking about cost of care.	•
17	A Well, whether or not there is any cost	
18	incurred depends on whether he is admitted; and in	
19	the instance that you have outlined, there is	
04:56:1620	nothing that tells us that he is there because he	
21	smoked.	51710
22	Q We do know that in this hypothetical that	
23	that patient is there because of COPD and inability	6055
24	to care for themselves in any other type of	J.
04:56:3225	environment. And in that same hypothetical are you	



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04	:56:36 1	saying that that patient is going to cost the same	
	2	as a patient who is there for what you call simply	
	3	behavioral problems?	
-	4	A The cost may vary in terms of what they	
04	:56:52 5	utilize at the home, yes; but it may or may not be	
,	6	related to smoking. For example, I repeat again,	
	7	the person that you just described, even though they	
	8	were a smoker, you don't know that that person is	
	9	there because they smoked.	
04	:57:0210	Q But you are assuming that they are not?	
e.	11	A No, I'm not assuming one way or another.	
	12	I'm just saying that we don't know.	
-	13	Q You are making an assumption that people	
	14	who are in the nursing home because of	
04	:57:1615	smoking-related diseases cost no more than other	
	16	patients who are nonsmokers.	
	17	A Well, that statement is taking in an	
•	18	aggregate, not just picking out one patient. The	
	19	studies that I have reference to are examining	
04	:57:3020	patients who are smokers and nonsmokers, not	
_	21	relative to diagnosis, just smokers and nonsmokers.	517
	22	Q And you have not provided us with those	710
:	23	studies that you are referring to now?	6056
	24	A No.	σ
04	1:57:5625	Q Doctor, in a patient - in one of your	



	04:58:02 1	patients, your experience during your practice, did
	2	you find that patients who were smokers who were
	3	admitted to the hospital had longer stays than
	4	nonsmokers for cardiovascular disease?
,	04:58:20 5	A All right. I want to make sure I
	6	understand the question.
	7	The question is: Do smokers who are
	8	admitted to the hospital have longer hospital stays
	9	than nonsmokers?
	04:58:3210	Q With underlying diseases that are related
	11	to smoking.
	12	A So, you are Are you giving them another
-	13	disease, or they just have the cardiovascular
	14	disease?
	04:58:4215	Q Cardiovascular disease.
	16	A I believe that their hospital stays are
	17	longer.
	18	Q And a patient who is admitted for some
	19	type of surgical procedure and that same patient is
	04:58:5820	a current smoker, does that patient have a longer
	21	postoperative recovery period than a nonsmoker?
	22	A That would be my opinion, yes.
	23	Q So, the cost of the hospital care of that
	24	patient would be greater in a current smoker than a
	04:59:1025	nonsmoker?

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	04:59:14 1	A Again, just so that we are clear, you are
	2	talking now about hospitalized patients?
	3	Q That's correct.
	4	A Yes, yes.
	04:59:22 5	Q Are patients that are admitted to nursing
	6	homes Strike that.
	7	Patients that are admitted to nursing
	8	homes, do they have cardiovascular disease?
	9	A There are patients in nursing homes with
	04:59:3410	cardiovascular disease, yes.
•	11	Q And are some of those patients current
	12	smokers?
	13	A Yes.
	14	Q And you are saying that these patients -
	04:59:4415	the care of these patients is no more than the
	16	patients who are nonsmokers who were admitted to the
	17	same nursing facility in your experience?
	18	A I'm saying that there aren't any more of
	19	them, whether they smoked or not.
-	04:59:5820	Q I don't understand your answer.
	21	A Maybe I didn't understand your question.
	22	Q I think the issue we are asking is the
	23	incremental costs of patients who are smokers versus
	24	nonsmokers, and it's your testimony that these
	05:00:1825	patients incur no greater cost in their care while



4	than what I'm saying. What I'm saying is that if
05:00:32 5	you take a group of elderly smokers and a group of
. 6	elderly nonsmokers, the frequency with which they
7	get - never mind anything else - just they smoked or
. 8	they don't smoke and do they get admitted to the
9	nursing home at different rates, it's my opinion
05:00:5010	that they do not.
11	Q That's not the question.
12	Doctor, you have testified that the
13	incremental cost of a smoker in a hospital is
14	greater than the incremental cost of a nonsmoker
05:01:2215	admitted for the same reason; is that correct?
16	A That's correct.
17	Q Your earlier testimony.
18	A Yes.
19	Q And so, you are saying now that the
05:01:3220	incremental cost of a smoker admitted to a nursing
21	home for - as an example, cardiovascular disease -
22	is going to be the same as the incremental cost of
23	that - of a patient with that same type of disease
24	who is a nonsmoker?

they are in the nursing home than patients who are

I'm saying -- That's a little different

Well, I lost you in the last train of

05:01:5225

05:00:22 1

nonsmokers?

	05:01:54 1	thought there.
	2	You keep referring to a patient that has
	3	chronic lung disease, and I'm keep telling you that
	4	I'm not addressing any specific disease here. I'm
*	05:02:06 5	just talking about elderly smokers and nonsmokers.
	6	Q All right. We will make it simple.
	7	A Good.
-	. 8	Q Is a patient who is a smoker who is
	9	admitted to a nursing home any more expensive than a
	05:02:2610	patient admitted to that same nursing home who's a
	11	nonsmoker?
-	12	A If a patient who's a smoker admitted I
	13	don't know.
	14	Q You have stated in your report that it is
	05:02:4615	not likely that Medicaid pays more in nursing
	16	homes We will move on, Doctor.
	17	The next category is: "Nursing Home
	18	Population by Payor Sources." And you state that
	19	not all nursing home residents are covered by
	05:03:0620	Medicaid.
	21	Do you know what percentage of nursing
	22	home residents are Medicaid versus other sources of
-	23	pay?
	24	A I think Medicaid patients probably
	05:03:2425	constitute something in the range of 60, 65 percent.

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05:03:30 1	Q Doctor, what's the source of your	
2	information with regard to the payer	
. 3	A My experience and knowledge, and I may	
4	have read that somewhere.	
05:03:44 5	Q Can you cite any studies that you may have	
6	read that in?	
7	A No.	
. 8	MR. BORMAN: I will point out	
9	that we are a little past our hourly	
05:03:5610	break here. I don't know how much	
11	more you want to go. Maybe you just	
12	want to finish up in just few	
. 13	minutes.	
14	MR. QUINN: Let's leave that up	
05:04:0215	to the witness. If he wants a little	
16	short break before we finish	•
17	THE WITNESS: If we can finish	
. 18	by 5:30, let's finish.	
19	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: I need to	
05:04:1220	change tapes in about five minutes.	
21	MR. THORPE: Do you want to do	
22	it now?	
. 23	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are going	
24	off the record. It's three minutes	
05:04:1625	after 5:00 o'clock. This is the end	

*****	
05:04:16 1	of Tape No. 2.
. 2	
3	(A BRIEF RECESS WAS TAKEN.)
4	
05:11:10 5	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: It's
6	ten minutes after 5:00 o'clock. This
7	is the beginning of Tape No. 3; and
. 8	we are back on the record.
- 9	
10	(By Mr. Thorpe)
11	Q Doctor, you stated that it's your opinion
. 12	that 60 to 65 percent of the patients who are in
. 13	nursing homes are Medicaid patients; is that
14	correct?
05:11:2815	A Yes.
16	Q And what do you base that information on?
17	A General experience.
18	Q And that's based on six or seven nursing
19	homes where you have had experience in admitting
05:11:4620	Medicaid patients?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Also, you state that many who were
23	admitted from an acute care setting were paid by $^{7}$
24	Medicare. I think earlier you've testified that the
05:12:0025	patients who are admitted to nursing homes under

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05:12:04 1	Medicare, that's a limited period that they are paid
2	or reimbursed by Medicare; is that correct?
3	A Yes.
4	Q How many days, again?
05:12:10 5	A Again, I'm not absolutely certain. My
6	recollection is that the first period was for
7	30 days and then they are real evaluated and they
. 8	had perhaps another 30 days. But it was something
9	like that.
05:12:2210	Q And we also I think you testified
11	earlier that after that, there's a co-pay involved?
12	A Yes.
13	Q If the patients are not - if these same
14	patients are not able to meet the co-pay, does
05:12:3415	Medicaid then begin to cover their admission?
16	A Yes, yes.
17	Q Can you tell us the percentage of Medicare
18	patients that are admitted from an acute care
19	setting are eventually covered by Medicaid?
05:12:5220	A I don't know.
21	Q In your experience in the patients that
22	you admitted to nursing homes, do you have any
23	opinion with regard to that?
24	A I don't know the numbers. I would think
05:13:0625	it would be less than 50 percent, but I don't have a

1		
05:13:12 1	number. Most of those are for acute problems which	
2	resolve in one way or another.	
3	Q And these are based on the admissions that	
4	you have made to the nursing homes?	
05:13:18 5	A Yes.	
6	Q And not some study that you have read?	
7	A That's correct.	
8	Q You say that a large number of these	
9	patients with reference to nursing home residents	
05:13:3610	are self-pay and covered by a program such as the	
11	Veteran's Administration. Do you know what	
12	percentage of these patients are covered by the	
13	V.A.?	
14	A I don't have a number based on my	
05:13:5415	experience. It would be a relatively small, but	
16	that may have just been my particular location.	
17	Q How many of the patients you were involved	
18	with and you based your opinion on are - that are	
19	nursing home residents are self-pay?	
05:14:2420	A Well, I don't know exactly. Somewhere in	
21	the range of 20 percent, but that's a guess. It	ហ
22	would be a range around there.	1710
23	Q In that sentence you refer to a large	0 60
24	number are self-pay. But in terms of self-pay, per	64
05:14:4625	se, you are saying around 20 percent?	

05:14:46 1	A Approximately.	
2	Q How many of these self-pay patients are	
3	covered on short-term stays in the nursing home?	
4	A By private insurance - is that your	
05:15:00 5	question?	
. 6	Q Yes.	
7	A I don't know the answer to that.	
. 8	Q And the same vein of questions - how many	
9	of these patients were self-pay are long-term	
05:15:1210	residents?	
11	A It would be a fairly - a minority.	
12	Q Is the majority of the long-term nursing	
13	care - or nursing home residents - are they Medicaid	
14	patients?	
05:15:3015	A Yes.	
16	Q Dr. Stiles, what have you been told by the	
17	defendants in this case with regard to what the	
18	State is attempting to recover with regard to	
19	Medicaid reimbursements?	
05:16:3620	A Well, I don't know that I have an absolute	
21	understanding of that. It's my understanding that	
22	the State is attempting to recover Medicaid costs of	5171
23	nursing home patients attributable to smoking.	10 60
24	Q Dr. Stiles, do you agree or disagree with	065
05:17:1225	that type of lawsuit?	

judgment.  Q We are asking for your opinion and what's your opinion with regard to that type of lawsuit.  A People are entitled to make lawsuits about whatever they have - they feel they have an issue.  Q That's not the question I've asked.  What's your opinion with regard to the basis of this lawsuit?  A I think the basis in terms of the part of the lawsuit which I have an understanding and which I have been asked to testify is that the allegations are poorly founded.  Q Dr. Stiles, do you believe that the tobacco industry is a good source of health information?  A I believe that there have been articles in the news of late that would lead us to believe that they are a source of both good information and perhaps some that has not been as good as others.  Q Can you give us an example of what you consider information that was not at good as others?  A I have heard news reports relative to information about nicotine and its addictiveness.	05:17:18 1	A I guess that's not for me to make the
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23 A I have heard news reports relative to 24 information about nicotine and its addictiveness.	21	Q Can you give us an example of what you
information about nicotine and its addictiveness.	22	consider information that was not at good as others?
	23	A I have heard news reports relative to
05.18.5425 O In your experience do you a agree or	24	information about nicotine and its addictiveness.
05:10:5425 Q 1 your emperiones as you a special	05:18:5425	Q In your experience do you a agree or



05:18:56 1	disagree with the statements that have been made	
2	about the addictiveness of nicotine?	
3	A I'm not an expert in addiction.	
4	Q You are a physician who has practiced a	
05:19:08 5	number of years and have seen a number of patients	
6	who smoke, and you have counseled them to stop	
7	smoking. In your opinion based on that experience,	
8	do you believe that nicotine is additive or not	
9	addictive?	
05:19:2010	A I don't have an opinion because I don't	
11	know. I know it's difficult for patients to stop	
12	smoking; but why they don't stop, I don't know.	
13	Q Doctor, in your experience with patients	
14	who have had lung cancer or laryngeal cancer, do you	
05:19:4615	have any experience with those patients who even	
16	though they had lung cancer or had had surgical	•
17	removal of the larynx - in these patients, they	
18	still would not quit smoking?	
19	A Yes.	
05:20:0420	Q Have you ever had a patient who would	
21	smoke through his tracheotomy?	υį
22	A I've heard of such patients. I don't	51710
23	recall that I ever had such patients.	) 6067
24	Q Doctor, you stated earlier that the	67
05:20:1625	litigants in this case have provided you with	

	05:20:20 1	certain information, with some studies, some	
	2	documents. Even though you have stated that you	
	3	have not based your opinion on that, I believe that	
	4	we are entitled to these documents; and we would ask	
,	05:20:30 5	you not to destroy any of these documents.	
-	6	Would you agree to that?	
	7	MR. QUINN: Not to destroy	
	8	them. It's not for you to decide	
	9	whether we get them. We will work	
	05:20:4010	that out with the lawyers.	
	11	We just want to make sure that	
	12	you don't throw them away or	
	13	something.	
	14	A Yes.	
	05:20:4615	MR. THORPE: I think that's all,	
٠.	16	Doctor. Thank you.	
	17	Pass the witness.	
-	18	MR. BORMAN: No questions at	
	19	this time.	
	05:20:5820	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This	
	21	concludes the deposition. It's 20	5 1
	22	minutes after 5:00 o'clock.	51710
	23		606
	24		8
	25	(WHEREUPON THE DEPOSITION WAS CONCLUDED.)	



	·	
1	THE STATE OF:	
2	COUNTY OF:	
3		
4	I, CHARLES STILES, M.D., hereby certify	
5	that I have read the foregoing transcript of my	
6	testimony given in the foregoing numbered and styled	
7	case, and that same is true and correct to the best	
8	of my knowledge and belief.	
9	I further certify that any and all	
10	corrections have been made on a separate page and	
11	initialed by me.	
12		
13	This day of, 1997.	
14		
15		
16	CHARLES STILES, M.D.	
17		
18		
19	SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME this	
20	, day of, 1997.	
21		
22		ហ
23	NOTARY PUBLIC	51710
24		
25		6069

<u>CSR</u>

1	THE STATE OF TEXAS:
2	COUNTY OF JEFFERSON:
3	I, STARLA FOUST, a Certified Shorthand
4	Reporter, hereby certify that the foregoing
5	testimony was given before me after the Witness had
6	been first duly sworn.
7	I further certify that this deposition was
8	typed under my direction and is a complete and
9	correct transcript of the proceedings; and that it
10	is being filed with the Court in accordance with the
11	Stipulation of Counsel contained in this deposition.
12	I further certify that I am neither
13	attorney for, related to nor employed by any of the
14	parties to the lawsuit in which this deposition was
15	taken. Further, I am neither related to nor
16	employed by any attorney of record in this cause;
17	nor do I have a financial interest in the matter.
18	GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE
19	this 31d day of Hugust, 1997.
20	
21	Lorla - out
22	STARLA LEE FOUST, CSR Certification No. 5946
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HOUSTON, TX (713) 523-5400

51710 6070

1	DEPOSITION STIPULATIONS	
2	NO. 5:96CV91 Deposition of: CHARLES STILES. M.D.	
3	Please complete this Stipulation or state your agreed Stipulations on the record.	
4 5 6	The Attorneys for all parties present stipulate and agree to the checked items as follows:  1. Deposition is being videoed. Yes X No  Video Operator: LOU GETZ	
7 8 9	2. Deposition is taken pursuant to: a. Texas Rules of Civil Procedure  Xb. Federal Rules of Civil Procedure  Xc. Notice  Xd. Subpoena e. Agreement f. Court Order	
11 12 13	3. Objections:  a. Reserve all objections, except as to form and responsiveness b. Reserve all objections to time of trial	
14 15 16	c. Make all objections at the time of deposition d. An objection by one defendant shall be considered an objection by all defendants	
17 18 19	4. Signature:  a. Signature of Witness is waived  X b. Witness to read and sign deposition  X c. If deposition not signed by time of trial, unsigned copy may be used as though signed and timely filed	
21 22	5. Custodial Attorney:  The deposition original will be sent to MR. LARRY THORPE for safekeeping and use at the time of trial.	517:
23 24 25	6. Foreign jurisdiction: Reporter may swear the Witness in a foreign jurisdiction. Yes No 7. Original deposition cost: Shall be paid by the Attorney asking the first question.	10 6071

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## LIST OF CASES SINCE 1994 IN WHICH EXPERT HAS TESTIFIED BY DEPOSITION OR AT TRIAL

#### Charles M. Stiles, M.D.

Cause No. 93-09944
Bonnie Wils vs. Beverly Enterprises
Deposition testimony 08/1994.

Cause No. 94-012724
Jessie Crow vs. Methodist Hospital
Deposition testimony 12/1994.

Cause No.
Yolanda Garcia vs. Raymond Garcia
Deposition testimony 11/1994.

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## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TEXARKANA DIVISION

THE STATE OF TEXAS,	S	NO. 5:96CV91
	5	
Plaintiff,	S	
	S	JUDGE DAVID FOLSOM
v.	S	
	S	
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO	S	MAGISTRATE JUDGE
COMPANY, et al.,	S	WENDELL C. RADFORD
	S	
Defendants.	S	JURY

### SECOND AMENDED NOTICE OF ORAL AND VIDEO DEPOSITION OF CHARLES STILES ON IULY 29, 1997

TO: Harold Waldrop, Administrative Liaison Counsel for Defendants Atchley, Russell, Waldrop & Hlavinka, L.L.P. 1710 Moore's Lane Texarkana, TX 77503

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, under Fed. R. Civ. P. 30, Plaintiff, State of Texas, will take the oral and video deposition of Charles Stiles on Tuesday, July 29, 1997, at 1:00 p.m. at Fulbright & Jaworski, 1301 McKinney, Suite 1500, Houston, Texas 77010. Attached hereto is Exhibit A, a subpoena duces tecum, which enumerates documents that the expert shall bring to this deposition. The deposition will continue from day to day until completed.

1. The deposition will be taken before a court reporter appointed or designated under Fed. R. Civ. P. 28. All parties are invited to attend and cross-examine.



#### Respectfully submitted,

DAN MORALES Texas Attorney General Texas Bar No. 14417450

**IORGE VEGA** First Assistant Attorney General Texas Bar No. 20533800

HARRY G. POTTER, III Special Assistant Attorney General Texas Bar No. 16175300 P. O. Box 12548 Austin, TX 78711-2548 512-463-2191 512.463.2063

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**GRANT KAISER** KAISER & MORRISON, P.C. 2901 Turtle Creek Drive, Suite 201 Community Bank Building Port Arthur, TX 77642 409-727-0800 409.727.7671

GRANT KAISER, BY PERMISSION OF Walter Umphrey, Attorney-in-Charge

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify compliance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 5 and the Case Management Order of November 5, 1996, that a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been sent by overnight delivery service (with diskette) and facsimile on July 28, 1997, to the following:

Howard Waldrop, Esquire
Atchley, Russell, Waldrop & Hlavinka, L.L.P.
1710 Moores Lane
P. O. Box 5517
Texarkana, TX 75505-5517
903-792-8246
903.792.5801

GRANT KAISER

# 1710 608

#### EXHIBIT A

As used herein, the term "documents" means any and all tangible things and documents, whether handwritten, typed, printed, or otherwise reproduced, including but not limited to letters, cables, wires, memoranda, and interoffice communications reports, notes, transparencies, minutes; audio, video or recordings; computer printouts, tapes or disks, optical storage, microfilm or microfiche; data compilations of any kind; drawings, sketches, charts, exhibits, photographs and movies; assignments, contracts, agreements and other official documents and legal instruments; published material of any kind; engineering or scientific notebooks and data; travel reports and vouchers; and ledgers, bills, records, invoices, checks, receipts and files. You are commanded by this subpoena to produce all documents in your possession, custody or control that are described below:

Your entire file concerning this case and your work on this case including but not limited to the following:

- a. any and all documents relating to any fee, retainer or engagement agreement you have with Defendants or Defendants' counsel;
- b. any and all documents which you have received from Defendants, Defendants' counsel or any employee, agent or representative of Defendants in this case;
- c. any and all documents which form the basis, or which you considered in forming the basis, in whole or in part, for any opinions you may render in this case or upon which you may rely in rendering any opinions in this case;
- d. any and all documents you have reviewed in preparation for this deposition, whether or not said documents form the basis of any opinions you may render in this case;
- e. copies of any and all documents which you have provided to or which evidence or reflect any communication between you and Defendants, Defendants' counsel, or any agent, employee, or representative or Defendants' counsel in this case;
- f. any and all documents which you have provided to or which evidence or reflect any communication between you and any consultants, non-testifying experts, and any witness in this case, including any other witnesses offered by Defendants or Defendants' counsel, or any representative of Defendants' counsel, as experts;
- g. any and all notes, memoranda, reports, correspondence, summaries, opinions and similar documents which evidence or reflect your factual observations, mental impressions and/or expert opinions in this case;

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- h. copies of any and all drafts or any memoranda, reports, correspondence summaries, opinions, and similar documents which evidence or reflect your factual observations, mental impressions and/or expert opinions in this case;
- copies or any and all medical or scientific books, treatises, articles, abstracts, studies, reports, publications or materials which form the basis, in whole or in part, for any opinions you may render in this case or upon which you may rely in rendering any opinions in this case, or alternatively, provide a typewritten list of all such documents indicating sections, segments, or portions that you rely on for your opinions in this case; and

copies of any and all medical or scientific books, treatises, articles, abstracts, studies, reports, publications, or materials in your custody, control or possession that discuss or refer to tobacco related illnesses.

- copies of the results of any "Medline", "Toxline", Hazardous Substances Databank, or similar search or computer assisted search for medical, scientific or regulatory articles, books, abstracts or literature which you have performed or reviewed in relation to your work or opinions in this case.
- k. Any and all timesheets, statements, ledger entries, records or similar financial or accounting documents which evidence or reflect the amount of time and expenses you (and any other persons or entities with whom you are affiliated) have incurred in relation to your work in this case. (Alternatively, provide a typewritten statement of your time, by day and date and tasks performed for each listed day, and expenses to date in this case.)
- Any video or audio tape recordings of any and all meetings or other preparation sessions you have had with Defendants or Defendants' counsel (or any representative thereof) prior to the date of this deposition.
- m. Any and all invoices, bills, receipts, statements, ledgers, records or similar financial or accounting documents which evidence or reflect any payment or monies owing to you or any payments made to you (and any other persons or entities with whom you are affiliated) by or on behalf of Defendants or Defendants' counsel in this case. (Alternatively, provide a typewritten statement of payments made to you, dates of such payments, and the amounts owing to you or your affiliates by Defendants, Defendants' counsel or any representative of Defendants' counsel.)
- Copies of transcripts of any and all depositions, hearings (including regulatory hearings), and/or trial testimony you have given on behalf of any party.
- o. The most complete and accurate list in your possession of all of your deposition or trial testimony.

#### CHARLES M. STILES, M.D.

Dr. Stiles' testimony will focus on the multiple medical, behavioral and social factors that contribute to nursing home admissions in the elderly population. He will testify about cognitive impairments in the elderly population and other reasons why elderly patients are admitted to long term institutional care.

Dr. Stiles is expected to testify that the reasons for nursing home admissions differ from acute care hospital admissions, and that diagnoses contained on nursing home admission forms often do not reflect the true reason why elderly patients are admitted to the nursing home. Dr. Stiles will testify about the prevalence of Alzheimer's disease (and other mental conditions) in patients in nursing homes and the lack of association between certain mental conditions and smoking.

In addition to the above, Dr. Stiles may be asked to comment on the opinions expressed by other witnesses and the evidence on which they rely, to the extent these opinions relate to his area of expertise. If individual patient records of medicaid recipients are produced, Dr. Stiles may testify about his review, if any, of these patient records.

Dr. Stiles is board certified in internal medicine and geriatric medicine with over 30 years of experience. He will rely on (1) his skill, education, training and experience as a medical doctor, including his training and experience in internal medicine and geriatrics; (2) his experience in treating patients who enter or reside in nursing homes; (3) his review of medical records, if any are produced, of the individual medicaid recipients designated by the Attorney General; (4) his review of scientific and medical literature on the topics of cognitive impairments in the elderly and nursing home admissions; and (5) his review of information, documents and deposition testimony concerning this case.





#### CHARLES M. STILES, M.D.

#### LIST OF EXPERT OPINIONS

#### Biologic Mechanisms of Aging

Aging is not a disease but the biological change over time in the function of the various organs and tissues in the body. Aging occurs at various rates among individuals and within an individual at varying rates in different tissues and organs of the body. The biological mechanisms of aging are incompletely understood. Aging may render an individual susceptible to disease.

Certain common disease processes are influenced in their rate of progression by the age of the patient. For example, in certain malignancies such as breast and prostate cancer, it is widely appreciated by clinicians that rate of growth is usually slower, and the frequency of metastasis is less in older people. Prostate cancer, which is often a very malignant disease in younger men, can be a very indolent disease, which may require no treatment in older men.

It is also clear that genetic factors are critical in both aging and the predisposition to disease. For example, certain malignant conditions have an inheritable tendency. Also, some dementing illnesses such as Huntington's Chorea are familial. Genetic factors may account for susceptibility to disease and may explain why older individuals exposed to the same environmental factors have an altered rate of appearance of disease.

#### Cognitive Impairment In the Elderly Population

Cognitive impairment afflicts many elderly patients, and the reasons and associated factors vary. Neurodegenerative diseases, neurologic injury or trauma and genetic factors, to name a few, help provide some explanation for this impairment. A large percentage of those patients admitted to nursing homes suffer from cognitive impairment.

Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease are two examples of neurodegenerative disorders commonly seen in the elderly population. A significant clinical manifestation in Alzheimer's and in late-stage Parkinson's is cognitive impairment. I estimate that approximately fifty percent of patients in the nursing home suffer from Alzheimer's disease.

Although the pathologic processes involved in the development of these two diseases are not completely understood, multiple risk factors have been identified for both of these disorders. Both age and family history are known to be significant risk factors for the development of both Parkinsonism and Alzheimer's disease. There is no certain nor sufficient scientific evidence to conclude that cigarette smoking causes Alzheimer's disease. In fact, various studies have shown a negative association between cigarette smoking and Alzheimer's disease, suggesting that smoking has a protective effect on Alzheimer's disease. The literature indicates that smokers are less likely

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to suffer from Parkinson's disease than nonsmokers, and that smoking has a protective effect on Parkinson's disease.

There are numerous other types of dementia seen both in and out of the nursing home and in the elderly population. While the biological mechanisms involved in the development of dementia are not fully known nor understood, several types of dementia have been found not to be associated with cigarette smoking. In addition to Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease, some of the other dementias not associated with smoking include dementia of metabolic origin, e.g. hypothyroidism and pernicious anemia, dementia from tumor or traumatic injury, dementia from alcohol use or chronic drug use and dementia from depression.

#### Risk Factors/Reasons for Nursing Home Admissions

The primary risk factor for nursing home placement is age. People are admitted to nursing homes predominately because of biological functional impairment or behavioral impairment. Functional impairment includes the impaired ability to perform activities of daily living such as ambulation, bowel and bladder control, bathing, eating and the like. Behavioral impairment includes such characteristics as memory loss, impaired judgment, and an impaired ability to socialize or interact with others. Approximately ninety percent of residents in the nursing home have some form of behavioral impairment.

It is these functional and behavioral impairments that lead to most residents seeking nursing home care, rather than any one specific disease. In fact, the diagnoses contained on the nursing home admission form may have nothing to do with the true reason for admission. Many physicians customarily include all known current and past diagnoses of a given resident on the resident's chart, regardless of any actual need to provide medical treatment in the nursing home for the recorded diagnoses. In addition, nursing home administrative issues often influence what diagnoses are written on nursing home admission forms.

Several social factors impact the reasons for nursing home admission. A nursing home predominately provides custodial care, and when there is no family member or friend in the home setting or community to assist a person with activities of daily living, the person may be admitted to a nursing home. Inadequate financial resources in the family or home setting may impact a given person's admission to nursing home care.

Given that age and social support are the primary and overwhelming risk factors for admission to mursing homes, it is not surprising that the few studies that have looked at smoking as a risk factor have found no significant association between smoking and nursing home admissions. For the above reasons, it is not likely that Medicaid pays more in nursing home costs for smokers than for non smokers.

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#### Nursing Home Population by Payor Source

Not all nursing home residents are covered by Medicaid. Many who are admitted from an acute care setting are paid by Medicare. A large number are self-pay and some are covered by programs such as the Veterans Administration. These groups have significantly different health profiles and significantly different patterns of utilization.

Dr. Stiles may be asked to comment on the opinions expressed by other witnesses, as well as the evidence on which they rely to the extent that these opinions relate to his areas of expertise. In addition, if individual patient records of Medicaid recipients are produced, Dr. Stiles may testify about his review, if any, of these patient records.